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Holland City News, Volume 21, Number 32: September 3, 1892

Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XXI.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1892.

NO. 32.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

L. Mulder & Sons, Publishers.

Rates of advertising made known on application. "Groninger and News" Steam Printing House, River Street, Holland, Mich.

J. D. WETMORE, M.D.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Specialist on

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

OFFICE HOURS until 9:00 a. m.; from 11 until 2 p. m.; 6 until 10 p. m.

Office No. 15, Eighth st. Holland, Mich.

Newspapers and Periodicals

Can be obtained at reduced rates of the local agent in this city. Leave your orders for any publication in the U. S. or Canada at the Post Office, with

C. De Keyzer,

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891. 1517

Back at the Old Stand.

Dr. M. Veenboer again resides for the present, in his new block No. 50 Bostwick Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Telephone No.—Residence 1957; Office 798. Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 10 a. m. Evening hours Wednesday and Saturdays from 7 to 8 o'clock. 1-17

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DEKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, J. J., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. G., Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, John Peasink Proprietor. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK, with Savings Department, Capital, \$35,000. L. Cappon, President; L. Marallie, Cashier. Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

Commission Merchant.

BRACE, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist, a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

KANE, P. W., druggist and bookseller. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, No. 108, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

BRANDALL, S. R., dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DEVRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy But-ter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEEKEE, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crochery in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats, and Caps. Flour, Produce, etc. River Street.

WISE, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street.

Furniture.

BROUWER, JAS. A., Dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer & Co's old stand, River St.

Hardware.

KANTERSBROS., dealers in general hardware. Steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 32 Eighth street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FLUEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufactory and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Tenth and Tenth streets.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kiehn, Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street.

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, Scott & Schurman, Proprietors, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and brick. River street.

Merchant Tailors.

BUSSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Light frosts.

A rain shower would be duly appreciated.

The front walls of the Waverly block and of Bergen Hall are nearly up.

Prof. H. Boers has let the contract for his new residence on Twelfth street to J. Hoek.

The Fifth district democratic congressional convention has been called for Sept. 23, at Grand Rapids.

Col. Wm. Ludlow is in Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, laying out plans for the proposed harbor improvements.

The H. C. R. theological seminary building at Grand Rapids will be formally dedicated on Wednesday evening, Sept. 7.

The storm on Tuesday and the opening of the schools next Monday has knocked the resort business into innocuous desuetude.

H. Boone was kicked in the breast by a horse, Friday afternoon, and by reason thereof laid up for a few days. It might have been worse.

H. D. C. Van Asmus, secretary of the Grand Rapids board of trade, has been appointed general manager for the Valley City steamboat traffic.

Berrien county has a wild cat and the wild cat has four interesting kittens. The five lark about the St. Joseph river nights, but no one has secured a shot at them.

In all parts of the state the apple crop will be extremely light this year. Estimates for the southern part of the lower peninsula give only about 25 percent of the usual crop.

The stmr. McVea will continue her regular tri-weekly trips between Holland and Chicago for another week, and thereafter engage in the fruit trade between Saugatuck and Chicago.

The Valley City Transportation Co., at Grand Rapids is selling tickets to Grand Haven by way of Grand River, and return for \$1.00, going by boat and returning either by boat or by the C. & W. M. railway, via Waverly.

Wm. Latten, baggage man on the C. & W. M., got pinched between two passenger coaches at Ottawa Beach, Monday. Though not seriously hurt, his injuries were sufficient to confine him to his bed. Dr. O. E. Yates attends him.

No more rheumatism now, since two dollars will buy one of those Franco-German rings which have absolutely cured several parties afflicted with this disease. Call at O. Breyman & Son, and they will tell you all about it. See also notice in another column.

The Lighthouse Board is contemplating the introduction of electric lights in the lighthouses along the lakes. This system of lighting has been tried at Sandy Hook, and has given complete satisfaction. It is believed that the difference in cost will be more than made up by the better service by the new light.

Prof. W. W. Jones, with Richard's Triple Shows that are to exhibit at Holland, Tuesday, Sept. 6, will make one of his wonderful balloon ascensions and parachute drops from the show grounds, rain or shine. Remember, this is free to everybody, and the management invite you to the show lot to witness this wonderful exhibition.

E. Shaffer, near Ludington, claims to have the biggest peach tree in the state. It is a Crawford tree and by actual and careful measurement is nineteen and one-half inches in diameter just above the ground and sixteen inches in diameter where the first limb branches. The tree is twelve years old and will bear seven or eight bushels this year.

The district schools all over the state will open on Monday. In the several schools of this immediate vicinity arrangements for the ensuing year have been made as follows: Misses Dina and Lizzie Van den Berg, will teach in fract. dist. No. 1, south of the city; Paul R. Coster, in the Souther district, north of the river; Jo. Vischer in the Dykema district; Benj. R. McCrossen, New Groningen; L. Reus, Noordeloos; Miss Senie Visscher, in the Van Raalte district, no. 4; Cha's A. Bear, East Holland; Misses Christina Ten Have and Frances Post, North Holland; Miss Sina Meengs, Owens district, Olive; Miss Maggie Luidens, Nienhuis district, Olive; Herman Rigterink, Groenewoud district, Olive; J. C. Huizinga, and Miss Jennie Boer, Zoetermeer district, Zeeland; R. A. Hyma, Drenthe; Miss Della J. Cook, the Van Zanten district, Fillmore; W. Douma, the brick school on the bee line, Fillmore.

Wheat 71 cents.

Geo. William Curtis, the able editor of Harper's Weekly, is dead.

Thursday was the first of September, the opening day of the hunters' season.

Some of the C. & W. M. side tracks in the old yard have already been taken up.

It seems to be an assured fact that Holland is to have a new depot building, of modern style.

G. Zalmink, proprietor of Central Park, on Macatawa Bay, has disposed of sixty lots this summer.

The democratic of this city will elect delegates to the county convention on Tuesday evening, at Fairbanks' office.

The Zeeland band took an excursion to the resorts, Tuesday, and gave our citizens a few specimens of their prowess as musicians.

The Fifth district People's congressional convention will be held at Grand Rapids, on Thursday, the 8th inst. It looks like Richardson.

The Democratic Holland township caucus for the election of delegates to the county convention will be held Saturday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock, in the townhouse.

We have been requested to announce that the regular meetings of the Y. W. C. A. of this city will be resumed, and that the first meeting will be held next Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

The Zeeland fire department will take an excursion next Tuesday, over the C. & W. M. railroad, to Benton Harbor and St. Joseph. The train will leave Zeeland at 7:30 a. m., and return in the evening. Fare for the round trip \$1.00.

Two children of Geert J. Lenters, of Colloendoorn, were engaged in cracking nuts on a block, Wednesday; the instrument used was an ax. The oldest of the two instead of using the but end used the sharp end, cutting off the first finger of the right hand of the younger child.

Mayor Harrington and family are about to take leave of their home on Macatawa Bay and resume their residence in the city. His honor has devoted much of his time and attention this summer to his farm, adjoining his cottage on the Bay, and before leaving the place he will hold an auction sale of some of his choice stock, including a small herd of first-class milch-cows. The sale will come off next Thursday. See adv.

The People's party judicial convention was held at Harrington's Hall in this city, on Monday afternoon. Hon. Geo. F. Richardson presided, with Edward Hutchins as secretary. Both counties, Allegan and Ottawa, were properly represented. There was only one name suggested, that of Hannibal Hart, the present incumbent, and he was nominated by acclamation. No doubt the judge will also be nominated by the Democrats.

Married, Wednesday evening, at the residence of the bride's parents in this city, by Rev. J. W. Beardslee, D. D., Philip Soulen of Milwaukee, and Miss Rika Boone. The wedded couple left on the evening train for Grand Haven, and took the boat from there to Milwaukee. They will make their future home in Portland, Oregon, where Mr. Soulen will assume the general agency for a new school book publishing concern. No cards—nevertheless the best wishes of the bride's many friends in this city will accompany her and her husband on this their new departure infill.

The storm of Tuesday was the first indication of an approaching fall. The stmr. McVea did not leave this port on her regular trip for Chicago; neither was the A. B. Taylor able to make her usual rounds between Grand Haven and Saugatuck. At the resorts a sailboat was capsized in the channel and the life-saving crew rescued the passengers. Another boat was upset in Blake Lake and the occupants narrowly escaped drowning, being picked up by row boats. Near Ludington the small schooner Lizzie Doak was driven ashore half a mile south of the piers. The crew came ashore safely in the yawl. The Doak was bound from Muskegon for Pullman, laden with sawdust. She is a total loss. Another marine disaster is reported from Manistee. The schooner City of Toledo cleared from that port with a cargo of lumber. She was caught in the storm and driven on the beach at Pierport, eighteen miles north of Manistee. She turned completely over in a few minutes and all hands on board were lost. She was commanded by Capt. John McMillan, who had his two eldest daughters on board with him. The balance of the crew consisted of six men.

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Monday is Labor Day.

Republican club meeting on Wednesday evening.

Rev. Prof. J. W. Beardslee will preach for Rev. P. Moerdyke, D. D., in Chicago, next Sunday.

Married in this city, Wednesday, by Rev. E. Bos, Simon Roos and Miss Ette Deur, both of Holland.

There will be a regular meeting of the Harrison and Reid Club on Wednesday evening next, at 7:45 o'clock.

Prof. C. E. McClean, the new superintendent of our public schools, has moved into the Kanters residence, on Maple street.

Johannes Van Kluiven, a laborer employed at the new City Hotel, fell from the scaffolding Thursday, and was more or less injured.

The fire alarm Monday morning was caused by a small blaze on the roof of the parsonage of Rev. E. Bos. No material damage was done.

Married by Justice Pagelson, at Gr'd Haven, on Monday of last week, Simeon D. Alverson and Miss Frances O. Fuller, both of Holland town.

A livery rig of Koos Nibbelink collided with a vehicle of Libbe Bos of Zeeland, on Eighth street, Saturday evening. No material damage done to man or beast.

George W. Eddy, a former resident of Holland town, but now of this city, is suffering from insanity, induced by softening of the brain. Steps are being taken to have him admitted at the Michigan Asylum for the insane at Kalamazoo.

Commencing on Monday and until further notice the stmr. Macatawa will make only two trips daily to the Park, as follows: Leave Holland in the forenoon at 10:15, and the Park at 11:15; and in the afternoon at 1:15 returning here at 6:00 o'clock.

County surveyor E. H. Peck has completed the survey of the 70-acre tract north east of the city, owned by Prof. Kleinheksel, with a view of platting it as an addition to the city. The lots on the high land, east of D. Jonker, will be 50 x 133 feet, and those in the swamp, so-called, will be two acres.

The veterans that intend to participate in the coming national encampment of the G. A. R., at Washington, will leave here on Saturday, the 17th. The following have thus far decided upon going: J. Kramer, B. Van Raalte, L. De Kraker, P. Wilms. Messrs. C. Blom, J. Huntley, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Van Drezer also intend to take in the occasion.

Thursday evening, as a party of laborers from the Waverly Stone quarry were coming home, they met with an accident, resulting in a broken leg for one of their number, John Dykema. The stone company has a hand-car, on which the hands residing in the city ride to and from the quarry, over the C. & W. M. track. At a point between the quarry and Waverly the hand-car jumped the track, throwing the entire party off. In falling Mr. Dykema probably struck a rail and broke his left leg, below the knee. Dr. Mabbs attends the case.

The People's Party senatorial convention met at Grand Haven, Tuesday. The following delegates were present: Walter Phillips, O. J. Hanson, Henry Parks, R. Watson, E. R. Clark, D. C. Wachs, George Ballard, G. R. Harris, L. Platt, T. T. Cambell, A. J. Knight, Wm. Bishop, H. L. White. No delegates from Muskegon. John A. Roost of Holland was made chairman and Harvey L. White secretary. The name of Geo. Ballard of Holland was presented, and he was made the unanimous choice of the convention.

During the summer Fritz Boone had a gold watch stolen from him. He informed marshal Keppel of the theft, who in due course of time suspected a young man named Fred Green, an employee in Mr. Boone's livery barn at the time. About a month ago Fred left Mr. Boone's employ and hired out at the Macatawa Park hotel. Marshal Keppel kept his eye on the young man and also informed the hotel people of his suspicions. Last week a warrant was issued against Fred and another party for a petit larceny committed at the hotel. While in custody for this offence marshal Keppel, who had obtained sufficient evidence to satisfy himself that Fred was guilty of the watch theft, confronted him with the accusation and proof. Fred admitted his guilt and stated further that up to a week ago he had continued in possession of the watch, but that fearing detection and out of spite against Fritz Boone, he had thrown it into the lake.

School opens Monday.

Hope College opens Wednesday, Sept. 21.

C. Blom has laid a cement walk in front of his saloon door.

Excavating has been begun for the new Kremers Harold block.

Lot 2 in block A, known as the Blair lot, is about to be subdivided and platted.

On our second page will be found a corrected list of the qualified teachers of Ottawa county.

Hope church pulpit will be supplied Sunday morning and evening by Theol. student Jerry Winter.

A large force of stone-layers commenced operations at the college library building, Monday.

"This store will be occupied by Will Blotsford & Co., Grocers," is the notice upon the plate glass of one of the new City Hotel stores.

The annual school census of Holland city has been taken this week by C. Steffens. It shows a total of 1552, an increase over last year of 131.

Remember that the Public Schools open on Monday, and that M. Kiekintveld has a complete line of school books and supplies of all kinds. See notices.

The Republicans at Hart, Oceana county, will have a grand ratification on Thursday, Sept. 8, and among the speakers will be G. J. Diekema of this city.

Wm. Swift has disposed of his interest in the drug business of Swift & Martin, to Dr. J. G. Huizinga, of this city. The new firm will be Huizinga & Martin.

The Ludington Record is responsible for the statement that a Manistee alderman moved to adjoin, and another of the "dads" moved to lay the motion on the table till next meeting.

The democratic senatorial convention for the Muskegon-Ottawa district, which was to have been held at Grand Haven on Thursday last, has been postponed to the 13th inst.

During the balance of the season the stmr. Macatawa will be in charge of Capt. J. N. Upham, he having relieved his son Lucien B., who will command the stmr. W. C. Brown, between here and Saugatuck.

The 30 acres owned by P. Buwalda, Zeeland, just east of the cemetery, have been platted by county surveyor Peck into lots, and will be known here after as Buwalda's addition to the village of Zeeland.

A call has been issued for the organization of a "Holland Gun Club." All persons interested in gunning are invited to meet at the barber shop of Charles Harmon, on Tuesday evening next, at 8:00 o'clock.

The new bank block is experiencing quite a delay in the non-arrival of the corner column, which has been ordered from one of the quarries in the state of Vermont. It will be several weeks yet before it is here.

J. De Graaf, the new furniture dealer on River street, has opened his stock in fine shape, and is ready to wait upon his friends and customers. His store is filled with a nice exhibit of furniture of the latest styles, and it will please all to examine it.

List of letters advertised for the week ending Sept. 1st, '92, at the Holland city post office: John Brown, D. F. Dunning, John Doyle, Mr. John Nichols, Mrs. Mary Ostrander, Mr. Spran, Mr. Marion Scaries, Mr. Uriah Whaley. G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.

C. L. Streng and son of Montague, were in the city Saturday, looking over the grounds. They left favorably impressed with our prospects, and it is intimated by some that at an early day they may locate here and establish themselves in the dry goods business.

It is evident that the large majority of the organized labor men of this city will attend the celebration of Labor Day at Grand Rapids, Monday, while some have decided to go to Muskegon. A special train will leave Holland (via Waverly) for Grand Rapids at 8:30 a. m., with the Holland City Martial Band on board. Fare for the round trip 75 cents.

The Hotel Ottawa closed up Thursday. It narrowly escaped the process however, of a formal closing. On Friday morning, at about 7 o'clock, a fire was discovered under the range in the kitchen. It was extinguished after a few minutes of hard and effective work. Had it been discovered ten minutes later the whole structure must have gone as the water supply is rather inadequate. The Macatawa Park Hotel will remain open yet for a short while.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

L. MULDER, Publisher.

Holland, Mich.

The Summer Widower's Lament.

Come home to me, darling, come home to me now,
The dust on the mantle is deep;
To keep things all tidy I do not know how,
And I fear I've forgot how to sweep!

Our clock, grown so lonesome, refuses me
"tick,"
And so does the "Hotel Cafe"—
And to "keep house" alone, dear, I "find
quite a trick,"
And a hard and uncomfortable way.

I can't find the bed clothes—my stockings
are lost;
The rooms are all empty and dear,
And I can't sleep at night, I dream of
a host!

I'd have no companions, I fear.

The basement is musty—the flowers are all
dead.
And the mice they are having full sway,
And I'm tired, dear, of painting this big town
all red
As I thought to while you were away!

There are stains on the table and dirt on the
floor
(I cannot see how it got there);
Things all seem askew and are waiting for
you
To "set them to rights" everywhere.

There are moths in the carpets and flies on
the wall,
And bugs crawling round on the floor—
And I can't sleep at night, I dream of
these sights—
So shorten your stay at "the shore."

List of Qualified Teachers of Ottawa County, 1892.

STATE NORMAL CERTIFICATES.

John H. Petrie, Zeeland.
Della J. Cook, Holland.
John W. Visscher, Holland.
Anna M. Harnett, Spring Lake.

FIRST GRADE CERTIFICATES.

Granted in other counties, a copy of
which is filed in this county according
to law:

O. M. Miller, Ferrysburg.
Milton Osborn, Spring Lake.
Expires March 6, 1893.

T. F. McGrath, Zeeland.
Dana A. Seaman, Lisbon.
Expires Aug. 4, 1893.

C. O. Smith, Lisbon.
Frank H. Baldwin, Spring Lake.
Expires March 7, 1894.

Cora M. Goodenow, Berlin.
Leonard Reus, New Holland
Expires Aug. 6, 1895.

Klaas Poppen, Drenthe.
Gertie Robinson, Wayland, Allegan Co.
Lenie Visscher, Holland.
M. A. Sooy, Wayland, Allegan Co.
Eddie Chase, Martin.

Libbie L. Quackenbush, Ross, Allegan Co.
Louis P. Ernst, Coopersville.
Mrs. Lettie C. Sooy, Wayland, Allegan Co.
Joseph J. Terry, Byron Centre.
Seth Coburn, Zeeland.
Expires Aug. 4, 1896.

L. C. Plant, Nunica.
Lydia Rork, Agnew.
C. O. Smith, Lisbon.
C. E. Kelley, Lisbon.
S. B. Smith, Forest Grove.

SECOND GRADE.

Expires March 6, 1893.
Albert Knooihuizen, New Holland.
Christina Ten Have, New Holland.
Expires Aug. 6, 1894.

Will A. Hollister, Wayland.
Addie Wright, Coopersville.
Allie Alward, Hudsonville.
Rena Docter, Holland.
Elizabeth L. Landon, Nunica.
Kate Scott, Nunica.
Rika TeKoller, Holland.
Cornelia S. Van Der Meulen, Holland.
Lewis C. Plant, Nunica.
Robert Leenhouts, Zeeland.
Myra Woodman, Berlin.
May Dimmock, Dennison.
Ella Cooney, Dennison.
Mertie Woodman, Berlin.
Hattie Wright, Big Springs.
J. W. Sooy, Wayland.
Roy Zimmerman, Harrisburg.
Roxie Stauffer, Gooding.
C. C. Stiles, Coopersville.
G. May Goodenow, Berlin.
Lillian Cole, Coopersville.
Mable Gordon, Nunica.
Louisa A. Lillie, Coopersville.
Mary Haan, Coopersville.
Belle Noble, Coopersville.
Nelson Stantor, Beaver Dam.
Dena Van Den Berg, Holland.
Mary Babbitt, Spring Lake.
Expires March 3, 1895.

Libbie Maxfield, Lamont.
Lillie M. Roberts, Jenison.
Ned E. Spencer, Nunica.
Phurba Harney, Holland.
Expires Aug. 4, 1895.

Christina Vaupell, Holland.
Ebbert Boone, Holland.
Herman Riterink, Burip's Corners.
Allie M. Purdy, Holland.
Frances C. Post, Holland.
Hannah Roost, Holland.
Minnie E. Ernst, Coopersville.
Maggie M. Golden, Dennison.
Urania Harrington, Holland.
Lillie Gilbert, Harrisburg.
Alta Gilbert, Harrisburg.
George C. Brown, Dennison.
Ella Sevey, Coopersville.
W. F. Douma, New Holland.
Annie Docter, Holland.
Ella Mulder, Spring Lake.

THIRD GRADE.
Expires August 28, 1892.

Christina Vaupell, Holland.
John C. Huizenga, Blendon.
Klaas Walcott, Drenthe.
Jennie Baker, Holland.
Asa W. Brown, Allendale.
G. A. Wide, Hudsonville.
Mary Mulder, Spring Lake.
Irvette Avery, Forest Grove.
R. A. Hyma, Grand Haven.
Sarah DeGroot, Grandville.
Beatrice Kimpton, Holland.
Nettie A. Loring, Jenison.
Ruth A. Harvey, Holland.
Expires Sept. 25, 1892.

W. P. Stiles, Coopersville.
Frank Velzy, Lamont.
Jessie Hedges, Lamont.
Martin Golden, Dennison.
Fannie Dickinson, Grand Haven.
Mary Hartley, Allendale.
Francis Robinson, Lamont.
Sadie Wells, Eastmanville.
Lettie Wells, Eastmanville.
Ettie Van Nett, Eastmanville.

Anna E. Spencer, Eastmanville.
Maggie Toole, Tallmadge.
Nellie Toole, Tallmadge.
Winifred Gibbs, Grand Haven.
Grace Aulhouse, Grand Haven.
Sadie Golden, Dennison.
George F. Rounton, Ravenna.
W. B. Nichols, Bass River.
Della O'Brien, Grand Rapids.
Expires March 3, 1893.

Asa Brown, Allendale.
May Sanford, Kinney.
Lizzie McCarty, Dennison.
G. A. Wide, Hudsonville.
Lizzie Golden, Dennison.
Margaret Malone, Tallmadge.
Fred M. Raymond, Berlin.
J. A. Raymond, Berlin.
Kate Burns, Berlin.
H. M. Peck, Grand Rapids.
Edna Chappell, Berlin.
Augusta Shuster, Wright.
Frances C. Post, Holland.
J. E. Van Allsburg, Muskegon.
Cina Meengs, Noordeloos.
J. D. Tibbals, Jenison.
Dora Robinson, Lamont.
Thomas Murphy, Harrington.
Solon S. Pull, Nunica.
May Taylor-Sevey, Dennison.
Chas. A. Bear, East Holland.
Benj. R. McCrossen, New Groningen.
Pearl Whipple, Hudsonville.
H. H. Sevey, Dennison.
H. A. Taylor, Dennison.
Expires March 25, 1893.

Jennie Boer, Zeeland.
Herman Riterink, Borculo.
Edward Ogden, Holland.
Peter Huyser, Beaverdam.
Laura Wedgood, Byron Centre.
Ida Prescott, Hudsonville.
Nina Pintler, Lisbon.
Expires April 29, 1893.

J. D. Lawton, Berlin.
Susie Nelles, Grand Rapids.
Myra Dickerson, Berlin.
Agnes Brown, Dennison.
Minnie Balfour, Tallmadge.
Julia Johnson, Coopersville.
Mary McKinnon, Eastmanville.
William M. Reed, Grand Rapids.
Arthur Ewing, Grand Rapids.
Clifford Wescott, Grand Rapids.
Martin Golden, Dennison.
Henry A. Tripp, Bass River.
Glean Mason, Grand Rapids.
Elias Averill, Harrisburg.
John A. Harrison, Harrisburg.
Maggie M. Golder, Dennison.
Cora Babcock, Conklin.
Bernard Van der Hide, Zeeland.
Ella Hastings, Conklin.
Expires April 29, 1893.

Clara Hofma, Drenthe.
Anna R. De Vries, Drenthe.
Alice Hyma, Drenthe.
Lillie Bullard, Big Springs.
Bertha Smith, Lisbon.
Etta Van Nett, Eastmanville.
Fannie Dickinson, Grand Haven.
Anna O'Beck, Grand Haven.
Marela C. Nichols, Robinson.
Anna E. Spencer, Eastmanville.
Anna P. De Vries, Holland.
Alida VerSchure, Holland.
Jennie De Vries, Holland.
Reka Van den Berg, Holland.
Ruth Harvey, Holland.
Bertha Cornelius, Ferrysburg.
Anna M. Toren, Holland.
Lillian Knight, Grand Haven.
Reka Essing, Holland.
Winnie Elwood, Holland.
Fannie Pratt, Jenison.
Dina Van Hattama, Zutphen.
Maria Van Doren, Grand Haven.
Maggie Balkema, Jenison.
Dora Robinson, Lamont.
Alice A. Abbey, Allendale.
Loie Thayer, Allendale.
Kittie Noel, Grandville.
Etta Sweet, Hudsonville.
Ged E. Cook, Holland.
Bertha Oosterhof, Ferrysburg.
Alberta Baker, West Olive.
Jennie Bolt, Vriesland.
Julia A. Brady, Spring Lake.
Grace Gordon, Nunica.
Nellie Shoemaker, Spring Lake.
Mary Oosterhof, Ferrysburg.
P. R. Holtman, Grand Haven.
B. S. Severnsma, Grand Rapids.
Klaas Walcott, Drenthe.
Gerrit Walcott, Drenthe.
John L. Starken, Holland.
Dick Leenting, Forest Grove.
Mattie Sevey, Coopersville.
Aggie Whitel, Lisbon.
Ada Somerset, Spring Lake.
Alice Somerset, Spring Lake.
Albert H. Bosch, Zutphen.
George Donald, Spring Lake.
Maggie Luideus, New Holland.

The above list does not include the
qualified teachers in the Public schools
of the cities of Holland and Grand Ha-
ven.

SUNDAY ON LAKE MICHIGAN.

Splendid Outing.

SPECIAL EXCURSION

via

C. & W. M. Ry.—SUNDAY SEPT. 4,

to

HACKLEY PARK,

the new Resort at Lake Harbor

near Muskegon between Mo-

no Lake and Lake

Michigan.

EXCELLENT FISHING—BATH-

ING, BOATING, ETC.

Good Hotel—Magnificent Groves—

Band Concert and everything

necessary to a

DAY OF PLEASURE.

Train will leave Holland at 10:00 a.

m., arriving at the Park via Muske-

gon at noon. Return at 5:30 p. m.

Round trip 75.

GEO. DEHAVEN, G. P. A.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well

known and so popular as to need no

special mention. All who have used

Electric Bitters sing the same song of

praise.—A purer medicine does not

exist and it is guaranteed to do all

that is claimed. Electric Bitters will

cure all diseases of the Liver and Kid-

neys. Will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt

Rheum and other affections caused by

impure blood. Will drive Malaria from

the system and prevent as well as cure

all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Head-

ache, constipation and indigestion try

Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction

guaranteed, or money refunded.—

Price 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle at

Heber Walsh's Drug store. 28 ly.

Sticky and poisonous fly paper in

large quantities at

DR. W. VAN PUTTEN.

You are Waiting for This.

On Thursday, Sept 8th, the Chicago

& West Michigan Ry., will run their

first Annual Low Rate

EXCURSION TO PETOSKEY,

via their own line, through Grand Ra-

pids, Traverse City and Charlevoix.

These excursions have been a very

popular feature on the D., L. & N. R. R.

for years past, and are eagerly looked

forward to by a large number of peo-

ple, who take advantage of the

VERY LOW RATES OFFERED

to spend a few days among the famous

Michigan Resorts. The pure, invigo-

rating air, cool nights, and many at-

tractions of this region, make the trip

one of pleasure and benefit.

September is a delightful month

in Northern Michigan.

In addition to other attractions, lov-

ers of the sport, will find excellent fish-

ing in the lakes and rivers, in which

the whole region from Traverse City to

Petoskey, abounds.

Stops will be made north of Grand

Rapids at Baldwin, Manistee Crossing

(for Manistee), Thompsonville (for Ben-

zenia and Frankfort), Traverse City,

Williamsburg (for Elk Rapids, eight

miles, Alden (formerly Spencer Creek),

Bellaire and Charlevoix.

Good hotels, with reasonable rates,

will be found at all the points from

Traverse City north and at Petoskey,

and Harbor Springs, across the Bay

from, Petoskey.

Special train will leave Holland at

11:30 A. M., stopping at all stations

south of Grand Rapids, taking dinner

at Grand Rapids and supper at Trave-

rise City, and arriving at Petoskey

about 9:00 P. M.

TICKETS WILL BE GOOD TEN

DAYS,

or for return until Sept. 17th. Round

trip rate from Holland \$3.50.

For further particulars address our

Agents, or

GEO. DEHAVEN,

Gen'l. Pass. Agent,

Grand Rapids, Mich.

29—4w.

CHICAGO June 26, 1892.

AND WEST MICHIGAN RY.

Trains depart from Holland:

For Chicago.....	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
" Grand Rapids.....	9 55	2 15	12 55	7 30
" Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	12 30	9 55	5 10	4 20
" Hart and Pontwater.....	5 30	9 55	12 45	6 00
" Manistee and Ludington.....	5 10	.....	.....	4 20
" Big Rapids.....	5 30	.....	12 45	4 20
" Traverse City.....	5 10	9 55	12 30	4 20
" Allegan and Toledo.....	10 00	.....	2 20	.....
" Charlevoix, Petoskey and Bay View.....	5 10	9 55	12 30	.....

Trains Arrive at Holland.

From Chicago.....	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
" Grand Rapids.....	12 30	9 50	5 00	4 20
" Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	9 55	2 15	12 50	7 20
" Hart and Pontwater.....	10 00	12 15	2 20	.....
" Manistee and Ludington.....	p.m.	.....	.....	4 20
" Big Rapids.....	12 15	11 40	12 20	.....
" Traverse City.....	.....	.....	.....	2 15
" Allegan and Toledo.....	9 30	6 00	.....	.....

*Except Saturday.
*Daily, other trains week days only.
Wagner Palace Sleeping Cars on night trains to and from Chicago and Bay View.
Wagner Parlor Buffet Cars on day trains to and from Chicago and Bay View.
Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. Connections in Union Station, Grand Rapids with the favorite.

DETROIT June 26, 1892.

LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

Lv Grand Rapids.....	7 30 a.m.	10 00 p.m.	11 00 p.m.
Ar Grand Ledge..... <td>8 55</td> <td>3 17</td> <td>1 30</td>	8 55	3 17	1 30
" Lansing..... <td>9 30</td> <td>3 42</td> <td>2 25</td>	9 30	3 42	2 25
" Howell..... <td>10 13</td> <td>4 29</td> <td>4 00</td>	10 13	4 29	4 00
" Detroit..... <td>11 40</td> <td>5 50</td> <td>7 00</td>	11 40	5 50	7 00

Lv Grand Rapids.....	7 30 a.m.	4 15 p.m.
Ar Howard City..... <td>8 40</td> <td>5 40</td>	8 40	5 40
" Edmore..... <td>9 45</td> <td>6 25</td>	9 45	6 25
" Alma..... <td>10 30</td> <td>7 10</td>	10 30	7 10
" St. Louis..... <td>10 40</td> <td>7 37</td>	10 40	7 37
" Saginaw..... <td>12 00</td> <td>9 00</td>	12 00	9 00

7:30 a. m. runs through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.
8:30 p. m. and 5:40 p. m. run through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.
11:00 p. m. has sleeper to Detroit.
GEO. DEHAVEN, General Passenger Agent,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

OFFICIAL GUIDE

TO THE

World's Fair & Chicago

NOW READY.

What America and every Nation

in the World will Exhibit.

Age of Columbus.

Nearly 500 pages. Elegantly printed. Hand-

some representations of all the mammoth

World's Fair Buildings. Each building a full

colored plate, executed in eight oil colors at a

cost of nearly

FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Many photographic views of Chicago, including

a superb bird's-eye view of the entire city, also

2x3 inches. Views of many of Chicago's "sky-

scrapers" buildings, Masonic Temple (21 stories

high), street views, etc. Bird's eye view of the

Exposition Ground, and buildings. In eight oil

colors, size 9x11 inches, positively dazzling in

magnificence, revealing what will cost over twenty

million dollars.

The book is for the millions who contemplate

visiting Chicago in 1893. It will be purchased by

the millions who cannot go, but who will desire

to know just what their friends are seeing.

PACIFIC PUBLISHING CO.,

210 North 3rd St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

Proposed Improvement of Fourteenth Street.

CITY OF HOLLAND, MICH.

Clerk's Office, August 26th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given:

That the Common Council of the City of Hol-

land have caused to be made and deposited with

the City Clerk for public examination, profile

diagrams and estimates of the expense for the

proposed grading, graveling and otherwise im-

proving Fourteenth street, from the centre of

Land street to the west line of Hope College Ad-

dication in said City of Holland, to be in the man-

ner following, to-wit:

That the said part of said Fourteenth street be

graded the entire width thereof pursuant to

grade and profile to be established by the Com-

mon Council as hereafter further directed.

That the curbs be removed from the street.

That all shade trees, wherever the grade to be

established may require the same, be lowered

or cut with as little damage as possible to

such shade trees.

That all sidewalks and cross walks that are

found in the way in grading said street be taken

up and relaid after the grade is finished.

That after the grade is completed a road-bed

be constructed along the centre part of said

Fourteenth street as follows:

The average thickness of gravel to be nine

inches, so spread that the same will be twelve

inches thick in the centre and six inches thick

on the sides. The road-bed to be twenty-four

feet wide, and the gravel of the kind used on

Ninth or Tenth streets.

That

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

RIOT AT NEW ORLEANS.

RAILROAD STRIKE ASSUMES A SERIOUS PHASE.

Uncle Sam Wants a Coaling Station in Southern Waters—Venezuela's Revolutionists Making Things Lively—The Woman Crazy, but Her Advice Good.

La Guayra in Rebel Hands.

The revolutionary forces have captured La Guayra. Business is suspended in Caracas, owing to the great excitement due to the recent stirring events. The foreign residents in the capital of Venezuela are in danger. It is the general opinion that an American war ship is greatly needed in Venezuelan waters. The diplomatic corps in Caracas, with the exception of United States Minister Scruggs, have protested in a body against the destruction of foreign property in Puerto Cabello.

BULLETS FLEW FAST.

Five Men Wounded in a Fight Growing Out of a Railroad Strike.

The Northeastern switchmen's strike, which has been on in New Orleans since August 14, took a serious turn Tuesday night shortly before midnight, which resulted in four employees and one striker being shot. The shooting occurred near the main track in the yards on Press street, and the wounded were: W. R. Smith, foreman of the switch-engine gang; George Sprague, night yardmaster; W. R. Mapes, a switchman; J. F. Jones, engineer of a switching engine; James Sexton, one of the striking switchmen. Jones, Sprague, Smith, and Mapes all belonged to the night gang. They were seated on the rear of a coach in the center of the yard in conversation, when Sexton and a comrade appeared and began abusing them for "scabbing." Suddenly there was a deafening report, and two men lay groaning on the ground. A half-dozen or more shots were fired, several taking effect, and the two assailants started to run away, one going toward the river and the other toward Canal street. A crowd gathered about the scene, and the greatest excitement prevailed. The police soon arrived. The four employees, all of whom were found wounded, were placed in an ambulance and taken to the hospital. Sexton was found on Royal street, lying near the sidewalk. He was suffering from five bullet wounds, and was also taken to the hospital. The trouble resulted from the dismissal of a night yardmaster who had been employed temporarily.

AFTER A COALING STATION.

Minister Durham Negotiating for the Purchase of Samana Bay.

The Kearsarge, which was ordered to Honduras on account of the revolution there, has had her orders changed. The War Department has been advised that the troubles are over for the present in that little republic, and that there is nothing to require her presence there. She has been ordered instead to proceed from Port-au-Prince to San Domingo, and thence to La Guayra, Venezuela. So far as the Navy Department is advised she is to make this trip for the purpose of conveying Minister Durham on his usual semi-occasional visits of inspection to San Domingo. It is rumored, however, that the present movement of Minister Durham to San Domingo is more than of usual importance. It is said that he is going there to close negotiations for the purchase of Samana Bay as a coaling station. The President, it will be remembered, has at his disposal \$25,000 for procuring coaling stations, and it is thought not unlikely that a part of this sum may be expended on Samana Bay and the remainder on Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

O'DONNELL UNDER BAIL.

Charged with Conspiracy and Released on \$3,000 Bond—More Arrests.

Hugh O'Donnell, leader of the Homestead strikers, surrendered himself to Alderman McMasters at Pittsburgh, and was released on \$3,000 bail to answer charges of conspiracy and riot, preferred by Secretary Lovejoy. Informations were made by Secretary Lovejoy charging forty Homestead strikers with conspiracy and aggravated riot. Officers have gone to Homestead to make the arrests.

Ropes for Fresno's Toughest.

The assassination of Lawyer McWhorter at Fresno, Cal., will result in the forming of a vigilance committee and the ridding of the town of the tough characters that abound. Over \$10,000 has been raised by voluntary contributions of citizens as a reward for the detection of the murderers, but thus far no clues have been secured. The town has always swarmed with thieves, opium fiends and lawless characters, and a vigilance committee that will promptly lynch those who refuse to leave is about the only means of clearing the place.

Thought Evil Would Befall Him.

M. U. Bower, of Mankato, Minn., employed on the farm of A. Clark, was struck by lightning and killed, and two men who were standing near him were shocked. When the bolt struck the men were closing a barn door and the door was torn to pieces. While going to work early in the morning Mr. Bower remarked to his companions that he had a presentiment of impending evil, but he was only laughed at.

Clubb'd to Death by Indians.

Telegraph Montoya, a young herder boy, was clubbed to death by two Zuni Indians in western Valencia County, New Mexico, a few days ago. The Indians fled to the reservation and the Governor of New Mexico refused to deliver them to the civil authorities. The commanding officer at Fort Wingate was informed and compelled the surrender of the Indians, who will be tried.

He Is Now a Lord.

H. B. McClelland, who for some time has been teaching school in Encinal County, Texas, for \$40 per month, has been informed by English attorneys that he is the only heir of his uncle, the late Lord William Moore, of England, and is, therefore, the possessor of that title as well as an estate of \$2,000,000.

Escaping Convicts Shot.

A number of prisoners in the Michigan State prison made a desperate attempt to escape. They were surprised by guards, and during the ensuing resistance two of the prisoners were fatally shot. All of them were finally captured.

Minister Egan Coming Home.

Information has been received from Valparaiso that a banquet was given at that place by the entire American colony to Minister Egan, on the occasion of his departure for the United States. He has sailed for home.

CHOLERA ON THE WAY.

Passengers Left Behind at Have Developed the Disease.

Well-grounded reasons exist for believing that the first vessel to bring the much dreaded cholera to New York will be the big French steamer La Touraine. When the French steamer left Havre, at which port cholera had already found several victims, she was granted a clean bill of health by the American Consul. A few hours after the plague broke out among a consignment of immigrants who were to have sailed on the La Touraine, but, owing to her crowded condition, could not be furnished with accommodation. These immigrants had traveled many miles in company with scores of those who had obtained passage on the French steamer and among whom the scourge was liable to break out, as it had upon those left behind. The American Consul cabled Secretary Foster, revoking the bill of health he had issued to the steamship, and setting forth the foregoing facts. Upon the arrival of the ship La Touraine, in the event of cholera having broken out aboard, she will be anchored near Swinburne Island and all her passengers landed there for observation, excepting those, of course, who may be stricken, who will be transferred to the spacious hospital buildings on Hoffman Island. La Touraine has 1,070 persons on board.

YIELD OF CANADIAN CROPS.

The Dominion Will Have a Surplus of 20,000,000 Bushels of Wheat to Export.

The total wheat crop of Canada will be 55,000,000 bushels. In Ontario the crop will be 33,000,000 bushels, against 32,000,000 bushels last year. In Manitoba and in the Northwest it will be 20,000,000 bushels, against 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 bushels last year. Other provinces will yield probably 2,000,000, against about 3,000,000 bushels last year, making the total this year of 55,000,000 bushels, against 52,000,000 to 55,000,000 in 1891. There is considerable old wheat left in the country, and, deducting the amount of wheat necessary for home requirements and consumption, the total exportable surplus this year will be 20,000,000 bushels, or about 10,000,000 less than last year. The yield in Manitoba this year was short as compared with last year. The total crop in Canada this year will be 55,000,000 bushels, against 50,000,000 last year. The total barley crop will be 17,000,000 bushels, against 19,000,000 bushels last year. There was a decrease of from 1 to 3 per cent. in the yield per acre in Ontario this year in every grain but rye, the greatest decrease being in winter wheat, which was 22.5 per cent., against 25.7 per cent. last year.

ONE SALARY MUST DO.

Government Employees at the Fair Not Entitled to Extra Pay.

There are now employed in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition several officers and employees of the United States, and as the exposition progresses the services of others, who are experts, will become absolutely necessary to the proper display of the government exhibit. Director General Davis has asked the Treasury Department whether in view of all the circumstances connected with the work of these persons (they being subjected to much greater expense than when employed in the regular line of duty) additional payments may not be made by the exposition and accepted by such officers and employees. The question was referred to First Comptroller Matthews, who holds that these officers and employees are not authorized to receive or be paid additional compensation for their extra work. They can, he says, be paid their actual traveling expenses while performing such extra service, but nothing additional for the service itself.

BLOWN UP WITH DYNAMITE.

A Car Loaded with Ingots for the Carnegie Company Destroyed.

A car loaded with ingots was blown up with dynamite or some other explosive on a side-track on the Allegheny Valley Railroad at Thirty-fourth street, in Pittsburgh, early Wednesday morning. The car was consigned to the Carnegie Company's Thirty-third street mill. Fortunately there was no one within 100 feet of the car when it was blown up, and the fragments, which were scattered in every direction, did no injury. The vigilance of the police has not been relaxed since the first guard was stationed around the Carnegie plants to protect the property as well as the non-union men employed in the mills. The placing of the explosive under the car was done while the officers were within a few feet of the track, yet they did not know anything about it until the explosion occurred, and have no clue to the perpetrators.

SWEENEY WAS THUMPED.

An Angry Switchman Gives the Grand Master a Terrible Beating.

Master Switchman Sweeney declared at midnight Wednesday night that the railroad strike was a failure, and as a result there is the most bitter feeling among the strikers against him, which found expression Thursday in a personal attack upon him. At 10:50 o'clock, at the corner of Swan and Main streets, Buffalo, a crowd of switchmen surrounded Sweeney, demanding that he declare a strike from New York to Chicago. Words ensued and Switchman Quinn, of the Nickel Plate yards, struck Sweeney a ferocious blow, knocking him down. Blood flowed in a stream from Sweeney's nose. Quinn got his leader's head against a telegraph pole and punched and pounded him until he was pulled away.

Dan Lamont Improving.

Ex-Collector Chas. Davis, who returned from Switzerland Wednesday, said that Colonel Lamont was very much improved in health and was able to ride and drive, and the two gentlemen spent a great deal of time together seeing the sights. Colonel Lamont will return to this country next month.

Cocquille City Threatened.

A fierce fire is raging in the brush close to Cocquille City, Oregon. Everyone is out fighting it. J. A. Lyons has shut down his sawmill and sent all hands to fight the flames. It is feared that what remains of Cocquille City will share the same fate it did on May 31.

Suppressed the Truth.

Hamburg newspapers accuse the municipal authorities with having kept back the truth concerning the cholera in that city. The disease has gained some ground in St. Petersburg, but is not of a virulent type there.

John Morley Re-Elected.

The Rt. Hon. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has been re-elected at Newcastle-on-Tyne by 12,983 votes to 11,244 votes for Pandell Ralli, candidate of the Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists.

Crops Promising in Canada.

Reports have been received from all parts of the Dominion by grain merchants of Toronto, which give promise of a good harvest in every part of Canada.

MAY SAVE HIS NECK.

STRANGE PLIGHT OF A CALIFORNIA CONVICT.

Six Killed and Thirty Injured in a Week at Barrett—The Reported Death of the Sibleys a Hoax—Feathered His Own Nest.

Methods of an Ohio Bankrupt.

The creditors of Bernhard H. Broer, a Toledo (Ohio) jeweler, closed up his establishment on claims amounting to \$20,000, the assets being \$8,000. It was discovered that a few days before the crash came Broer ordered \$30,000 worth of diamonds from Chicago, New York, Providence, and Cleveland wholesalers, giving promissory notes therefor. Attorneys for them were unable to find any of the goods in stock, and Broer is said to have exchanged them for Kentucky realty and manufacturing stock, so held that the manufacturers cannot touch them.

PROSPERITY REGNANT.

Every Field in the Bread-winning World Is Active.

R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says:

In all aspects the business situation appears more favorable than a week ago. There has been general, though moderate, improvement in distribution; manufactures are more fully employed, several great labor controversies have ended, and crop reports are somewhat more satisfactory. Moderate exports and better crop reports lead to lower prices. Wheat receipts at the West in four days of this week have been 5,295,593 bushels, while Atlantic exports have been only 1,474,608 bushels, and the price has declined almost 2 cents to 80½ cents for August. The certainty that foreign crops, however in doubt as yet, will at all events be much better than those of last year helps receipts here to depress prices. Corn is scarce for early delivery, and crop prospects improve, but so little that the price is unchanged at 63½ cents, and oats are a shade stronger at 39 cents. Accounts of cholera in Russia have caused heavy unloading of pork, which has fallen 11 per barrel, and hogs ¼ cent, and lard a fraction lower, while oil has also declined a fraction. Cotton is further depressed to 7½ cents by the great accumulation of unsold stocks and better reports of the coming crop, but while in other speculative markets sales have been small for the week those of cotton reached 500,000 bales.

LIVING, BUT JUDICIALLY DEAD.

Unusual Loop by Which a Convicted Murderer May Escape the Gallows.

John McNulty, the San Francisco murderer who has been in the county jail there for four years under sentence of death, is in the language of Judge Murphy, who sentenced him, "judicially dead," and yet he may never have the rope placed around his neck. McNulty was to be hanged, but the Sheriff's counsel advised that official not to proceed, as the Governor's reprieve didn't specify the time for execution and the prisoner must be brought before Judge Murphy for sentence. The district attorney will now bring McNulty before Judge Murphy, but the Judge, speaking unofficially, says: "Time of execution having passed, McNulty, in contemplation of the law, is judicially dead. My court is done with him." If Judge Murphy adheres to this opinion when the matter comes before him judicially, then there is no power in the State to punish the murderer, even by imprisonment, and he will be set free.

STRUCK BY A WILD ENGINE.

A Passenger Train Wrecked Near Farmersburg, Ind.

The north-bound passenger train on the Evansville and Terre Haute Road was wrecked at Farmersburg, Ind. The conductor and engineer were in the telegraph office at that place when a brakeman saw a wild engine coming along the track. He jumped on it at the risk of his life and reversed it, but the momentum was so great that a collision was inevitable and he jumped off. Some of the passengers got out of the cars, two or three climbing out of the windows. The engine struck the rear coach, smashing every car in the train. John T. Beasley, of Sullivan, leader of the Democratic side of the House in the last Legislature, was badly crushed in the back and may not recover. The collision was the result of a wreck on the Alum Creek branch of the Evansville and Terre Haute, both engineer and fireman having jumped when their train was struck and their engine became detached from the train.

IN A CRASH OF DEATH.

Two Cars of a Soo Train, with 100 Passengers, Fall from a Trestle.

Soo passenger train No. 65 crashed through the trestle bridge half a mile east of Barrett, Minn., Saturday afternoon. The train consisted of a mail and baggage car and two coaches. The engine and first car crossed the bridge safely, the two coaches being precipitated to the ground twelve feet below. There were 100 passengers aboard, sixty of whom were laborers en route for the end of the track to work on the Valley City extension. Six passengers were killed and thirty injured, receiving bruises and scratches, but proceeded on their journey.

The Sibleys Safe.

The reported loss of the yacht Wapiti in Georgian Bay, with the consequent drowning of the Sibley family, proves to be a cruel hoax. The yacht is at anchor in the harbor at Collingwood, where it was left by Mr. Sibley, who went to Montreal to meet a friend. The story was given publicly by the cook of the yacht, who had been discharged, as a means of revenge.

Mississippi Has a Spartan Editor.

The Mississippi Leader, of Jackson, which announced some days ago it would be forced to suspend unless friends soon responded with substantial financial aid, says: "Its editor is so impressed with the importance of maintaining the paper in the present crisis he is determined that it shall not fall if he has to subsist on bread and water eighteen hours a day and sleep on a pallet."

Drowned in Frisco Bay.

At San Francisco the ship Alameda, from Philadelphia, after a voyage of 233 days, was being towed in when she collided with the local schooner Maid of Orleans. Captain Charles Trainor, the negro cook, and a sailor of the schooner were swept off by the ship's boom and drowned.

Rolling Mills Burned.

The Metropolitan Rolling Mills, nail, spike and horseshoe works, owned by Abbott & Co. at Montreal, were completely destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$125,000, and is said to be fairly well covered by insurance.

Scalded in a Bath Tub.

Thomas H. Rodman, formerly District Attorney of Kings County, New York, met death in a frightful form at his home, Brooklyn. He was terribly scalded in his bath and lingered for eighteen hours, suffering intense agony.

CANADA WILL NOT RETALIATE.

The Home Government Urged to Abrogate the Washington Treaty.

An Ottawa special says: It has been decided that the Government will reimburse the Canadian shippers for this season for any loss they may sustain through the imposition of tolls on freight going to a Canadian port through the St. Mary's Canal. A meeting of the Cabinet was held to discuss the outlook and the probable effect of President Harrison's proclamation on Canadian lake shipping. A member of the Cabinet said that no attempt at retaliation will be made in the direction of imposing discriminatory tolls on American vessels passing through the Welland Canal, as has been suggested by some of the government press. It was further decided to carry to the notice of the British government the absurdity of continuing the Washington treaty in force, in view of the fact that it has been denuded of every clause by which any special privileges were conceded to Canadian citizens, and urge the abrogation of the treaty at the earliest possible moment.

BRIDGE GAVE WAY.

Inspection Train Thrown Into a Ravine—Several Men Killed.

Greenville, Pa., special: Early Thursday morning Bridge Foreman Fisher, of the Pittsburgh, Shenango and Lake Erie Railroad, together with several other employees of the road, started on engine 23 to inspect the bridges along the line that had been damaged by last evening's storm. While crossing the bridge at Dixonburg the structure gave way, and engine and men were hurled to the bottom of a deep ravine and into the torrents of water that are yet sweeping down the creek bed. Foreman Fisher was instantly killed, and Conductor Diefenaller had both legs crushed off and cannot live. Others are reported dead or dying.

Georgia Fears a Convict War.

Georgia had a convict scare Wednesday. A telegram to the authorities at Atlanta from Superintendent Connor, at the Cole City convict camp, stated that he had been informed that the miners of Whiteside, Tenn., intended to attack Cole City to release the convicts there. He asked for militia. Adjutant General Kell at once telegraphed the Dalton and Rome companies to hold themselves in readiness and await telegraphic orders. The Sheriff of Dade County was ordered to uphold the law at all hazards. Later telegrams from Cole City and the Dade mines asked for more arms and ammunition.

Fire Destroys a Hotel.

Fire destroyed the Hotel Belmont in West Asheville, N. C., Wednesday night. With the exception of perhaps half a dozen the 176 guests got out safely. The remaining few jumped from the third floor to the top of the veranda and then to the ground, sustaining severe injuries. Mrs. Carne, of Charleston, lost \$5,000 worth of diamonds, another guest \$3,000 cash. The hotel cost \$60,000, and was insured for \$25,000.

Hunters Robbed and Murdered.

A hunting party composed of four young men has been found murdered on the banks of Caney Creek in the Indian Territory. Papers found on one of the men indicated that his name was Charlie, and that he traveled for the Willamette Thread Company, of Connecticut. There was nothing to tell who committed the deed, but the purpose evidently was robbery, as all valuables were missing.

Rearrested a Crook.

George A. Vincent, who in 1872 forged and negotiated nearly \$500,000 of New York Central and Erie bonds, and who afterward escaped from Sing Sing, was released from the State prison at Jefferson, Mo., Saturday, his term of ten years having expired. Officers from New York at once rearrested him and took him to Sing Sing to serve out his unexpired term there.

Child Devoured by a Lynx.

A woman named Greenbaum, near Saginaw, Mich., is reported as having left her child asleep in a wagon while she went berrying in the woods. When she returned she found that some animal, probably a lynx, had devoured her child, all but one foot. She is distracted, and may lose her reason.

Miss Borden in Court.

Extraordinary interest was manifested at Fall River in the hearing of Miss Lizzie Borden, who is suspected of having murdered her father and her stepmother. The court-room was crowded, and among the spectators were many women.

His Heroism Rewarded Anonymously.

John Holiday Gordon, who rescued so many people at the time of the great Oil City (Pa.) disaster in June, has been made the recipient of \$100 given by an unknown philanthropic woman of Boston, as a reward for his heroic conduct.

Steamer on the Rocks.

In the heavy northeast gale an unknown steamer went on the rocks off Port Hope, Mich.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.	
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50 @ 5.75
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50 @ 5.50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	4.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.75 @ .78
CORN—No. 2.....	.21 @ .22
OATS—No. 2.....	.24 @ .25
RYE—No. 2.....	.22 @ .23
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.23 @ .25
EGGS—Fresh.....	.17 @ .18
POTATOES—New per bu.....	.55 @ .75
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.25 @ 5.25
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.50 @ 5.75
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.70 @ .71
CORN—No. 1 White.....	.20½ @ .21½
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.26 @ .26½
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.71 @ .72
CORN—No. 2.....	.21 @ .22
OATS—No. 2.....	.24 @ .25
RYE—No. 2.....	.22 @ .23
CINCINNATI.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 5.25
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.73½ @ .74½
CORN—No. 2.....	.20½ @ .21½
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.23½ @ .24½
RYE—No. 2.....	.21 @ .22
DETROIT.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 5.00
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.71 @ .72
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	.22 @ .23
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.23 @ .24
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.71 @ .72
CORN—No. 2 White.....	.21½ @ .22½
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.23 @ .24
RYE.....	.23 @ .24
BUFFALO.	
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS—Best Grades.....	4.00 @ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.87½ @ .88½
CORN—No. 2.....	.54 @ .56
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.71½ @ .73
CORN—No. 3.....	.49 @ .50
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.25½ @ .26½
RYE—No. 2.....	.23 @ .24
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.63 @ .64
PORK—Mess.....	12.25 @ 12.50
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.....	3.50 @ 5.25
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 5.00
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.21 @ .22
CORN—No. 2.....	.20 @ .21
OATS—Mixed Western.....	.22 @ .23
BUTTER—Creamery.....	.17 @ .18
PORK—New Mess.....	12.50 @ 12.75

JACK FROST MAY NIP IT.

UNFAVORABLE CONDITIONS FOR THE COTTON CROP.

A Fiendish Revenge—Many Disasters Reported—Kansas Cattle Dying—A Thrifty Ohio Contractor—Sensational Murder of Louis McWhirter at Fresno.

Wheat Prospects Improving.

Grain Inspector Clausen, in Duluth, in a chat about crops, said: "Every day of this fine weather is improving the condition of the wheat crop in North Dakota and Minnesota. If it keeps as nice a week longer we will have excellent crops from this section. Harvest has been completed in South Dakota. The wheat was injured by hot weather. The berry is shrunken and not so good as the crop of North Dakota promises to be. Although shrunken, it is full of gluten, making it excellent milling wheat. Lack in weight will be quite made up in its fine milling properties. Frost is the thing most feared just now for the unharvested crop."

COTTON IS BACKWARD.

General Condition of the Crop Not as Good as Last Year.

The regular monthly cotton crop report for the Memphis district, which embraces Western Tennessee, North Mississippi, North Arkansas and North Alabama, says: "Under the beneficial influence of favorable weather crop prospects have improved somewhat. A majority of our correspondents report the weather during August as having been favorable for cotton, but, taking the season as a whole, 244 out of the total of 372 report it less favorable than last year. The plant is making progress, and while the average of replies indicate that the season is fully eighteen days late, a majority report the plant as frothing well and retaining its squares and bolls. There is general complaint, however, in all the four States of shedding, due to excessive rains in some localities and drought in others. There are also reports of worms in Mississippi and rust in all the States. The condition of crops as summarized is only fair and not up to an average. Two hundred and eighty-four of the total report them much less promising than at this date last year, and 202 report damage from various causes to a greater or less extent."

WINGATE UNDER ARREST.

The Pretended Agent of the World's Fair Nipped at La Junta, Colo.

What may prove an important arrest was made in the capture of one E. E. Wingate, claiming to be an agent of the World's Columbian Exposition. He carried what purported to be letters of authority and credit signed by Thomas W. Palmer, Moses P. Handy and George R. Davis. Wingate was arrested on a telegram from the Amorilla National Bank, of Amorilla, Texas, and will be held to await requisition papers. He threatened to shoot the officers who arrested him.

FIVE PERSONS KILLED.

Disastrous Collision on a Railway Near Brussels.

A disastrous accident occurred on the railway near Brussels. The express train from Ostend to Brussels was near Dieghem and Schaarbeek when the ordinary accommodation train from Brussels to Antwerp ran into it. A first-class carriage of the express was crushed to pieces. Three passengers and the engineer and fireman were killed and a number of passengers injured. The passengers were mostly persons of good position and distinction.

MURDERED IN HIS YARD.

Mysterious Death of L. B. McWhirter, a Prominent Citizen of Fresno, Cal.

The body of Louis B. McWhirter, a well-known citizen of Fresno, Cal., was found at the rear of his residence early on Monday morning, and it was discovered that he had been assassinated by unknown persons. McWhirter went to California from Tennessee five or six years ago, and has since been prominent in politics there. He was for a time part owner of the Daily Democrat.

Spanish Fever in Kansas.

Dr. Richards, a veterinary surgeon of Emporia, Kan., was called to Greenwood County, to examine some dead cattle on H. C. Jackson's ranch. A post mortem was held, and it was found that the cause of death was Spanish fever. A large number of cattle in that vicinity have been exposed, and it is feared that heavy losses will ensue. Mr. Jackson has lost about forty head of fine steers. There has been reported to the authorities the loss of nearly 900 head of cattle valued at \$20,000.

A Woman Becomes Insane in Church.

At the Church of the Sacred Heart at Mount Washington, Md., while Father De Wolf, the pastor, was celebrating mass, Jennie O'Connell suddenly arose and in a loud voice advised a young man who is a leader in local society to go home to his wife and let factory girls alone. This interruption created a sensation, which was not allayed when she followed it up with other similar expressions.

Passed a Derelict Bottom Up.

At New York, Captain Challover, of the steamship Joseph Oteri, Jr., reports passing a derelict, bottom up, in latitude 34:27, longitude 75:44, Aug. 27.

Eleven Went to the Bottom.

The British bark Newfield, Capt. Scott, from Sharp Nose, for Brisbane, has been wrecked near Port Campbell, Victoria, and eleven of the crew lost their lives.

Failed for Over a Million.

Redfern, Alexander & Co., merchants and bankers of London, Australia and New Zealand, have failed, with liabilities amounting to £250,000.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHULVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 3, 1892.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT—

Benjamin Harrison,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT—

Whitelaw Reid,
OF NEW YORK.

State Officers.

For Governor—

JOHN T. RICH, of Lapeer.

For Lieut. Governor—

J. W. GIDDINGS, of Wexford.

For Secretary of State—

JOHN W. JOCHIM, of Marquette.

For State Treasurer—

JOS. F. HAMBITZER, of Houghton.

For Auditor-General—

STANLEY W. TURNER, of Roscommon.

For Attorney General—

GERRIT J. DIEKEMA, of Ottawa.

For Com'r of State Land Office—

JAMES T. BERRY, of Otsego.

For Sup't of Public Instruction—

HENRY R. PATTENGILL, of Ingham.

For Member of State Board of Educa-

tion—

E. A. WILSON, of Van Buren.

Legislative.

For State Senator, 23rd District—

CHARLES L. BRUNDAGE, of Muskegon

For Representative in the State Legis-

lature—

JOHN W. NORRINGTON, of Olive.

Second District—

CHARLES K. HOYT, of Hudsonville.

County Officers.

For Judge of Probate—

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, of Coopers-

ville.

For Sheriff—

BASTIAAN D. KEPPEL, of Holland

City.

For Clerk—

GEORGE D. TURNER, of Grand Ha-

ven.

For Treasurer—

HENRY PELGRIM, of New Holland.

For Register of Deeds—

CHARLES H. CLARK, of Robinson.

For Prosecuting Attorney—

AREND VISSCHER, of Holland Town.

For Circuit Court Commissioners—

JOHN C. POST, of Holland City.

WALTER G. VAN SLYCK, of Grand

Haven.

For County Surveyor—

EMMET H. PECK, of Coopersville.

For Coroners—

ANTHONY BOTTLE, of Grand Haven.

THOMAS M. REED, of Holland Town.

The latest about the dreaded ap-
proach of cholera is that President
Harrison has taken decisive action and
ordered that all vessels from infected
countries, reaching American ports,
must be quarantined twenty days.
This will virtually put a stop to emi-
gration for the present.

The "American System" Vin- dicated.

Nothing has so stirred the inner po-
litical circles throughout the country,
during the week, as the publication of
the annual report of the Commission-
er of Labor of New York.

In order to satisfy the public upon
the great economical question of the
day—whether Protection protects, and
whether that protection covers the in-
terests of the laboring classes—the
commissioner has gathered informa-
tion and statistics covering two years,
the one immediately prior to the en-
actment of what is termed the "Mc-
Kinley bill," and the year immedi-
ately following its becoming law. That is,
the data upon which the report has
been made for the year com-
mencing September 1, 1891, up to and
including August 31, 1890, and the
year commencing September 1, 1890,
up to and including August 31, 1891.

The report is purely a business and
non-partisan document; more than
that the commissioner is a democrat.
This makes it of the highest value
as a vindication of Protection. Its
figures are official. They were not pre-
pared with a view to help either party.
The sole object of the Labor Com-
missioner's investigation into the con-
dition of industry was to ascertain the
facts. The collection and publication
of these facts are simply a part of his
duty to the people.

Here is Commissioner Peck's official
statement as to the effect produced by
the McKinley law on labor in New
York state.

He finds that in the wholesale man-
ufacturers of that state the wages paid
for the year ending August 31, 1891,
showed an increase over the wages
paid during the year ending August 31,
1890 of \$6,377,925.00.

He finds that the net increase of
production in the same time was \$31,
315,130.68.

He finds that of 67 industries inves-
tigated 77 per cent. show an increase
in wages or production, or both.

He finds that the number of individ-
ual increases of wages in these indus-

tries reported for the year ending Au-
gust 31, 1891, was \$9,717.

He finds that the average increase in
the wages of the entire 295,006 em-
ployees represented was \$23.11, while
in fifty-one of the trades represented
the average increase in wages per
individual was \$43.96.

The report closes as follows: "It has
been my experience, as I doubt not,
it has been that of every statistician,
more or less, that one often finds him-
self tempted, unconsciously, perhaps,
to pursue an investigation with a view
to establish a preconceived theory. How
often failure and positive discom-
forture follow! I can safely leave to
those who have engaged in the fascinat-
ing study of statistics.

"To the true statistician, however,
uninfluenced by social or political
considerations, the proceeding is an
enviable one, and carries with it duties
and responsibilities of the highest
order. To him theories are as nothing;
without fact to support them they be-
come misleading, and therefore, worth-
less. Fact and truth are what he
seeks, and having possessed himself
of them he places them, hard and cold
as they oftentimes are, before the pub-
lic, satisfied that he has done but his
duty, and thereby attained his highest
ambition."

These statistics demonstrate be-
yond all doubt the influence of the
tariff in promoting industrial develop-
ment, increasing production and rais-
ing wages. They prove that under the
McKinley law the manufacturing indus-
tries in the great state of N. York
are steadily growing more prosperous;
that the level of wages paid to opera-
tive is being raised year by year, and
that the workingman is becoming
more and more able to surround his
family with comforts.

The Democratic party is pledged, if it
gets into power, to repeal the McKinley
law, to destroy its root and branch, and
to put the American workingman in open
and unrestrained competition with the
pauper labor of Europe. The Republi-
can party is pledged to uphold protec-
tion. It is the party of prosperity. The
Democracy is the calamity party, that
is, for the foreigner against the
American, the party whose policy
would close factories by the thousand
and lower wages in every factory that
it did not close.

The facts contained in Commissioner
Peck's report have a significance that
not all the ravings of the calamity
shriekers from Mr. Cleveland down, can
obscure.

They show that a vote for Republi-
can protection in November is a vote
for steady employment and higher wages
for the workingmen of America.

The Fair.

Send to Secretary Van Duren for a
copy of the premium list of the Eighth
Annual Fair of the South Ottawa and
West Allegan Agricultural Society, to be
held at Holland, October 4, 5, 6 and 7.

You will find it an interesting pam-
phlet, greatly revised, and neatly prin-
ted at the Times' office.

The special premiums will draw the
attention of many. The following are
offered:

L. P. Husen will present a hand-
some silver tea set to the couple who
will be married at the Fair Grounds on
Friday, Oct. 7, at 1 o'clock p. m.

G. J. Van Duren will give a three
dollar pair of shoes to the person mak-
ing the largest and best display of po-
tatoes of not less than five varieties
and one peck of each variety. And a
two dollar pair of shoes to the second
best collection.

W. D. Hopkins offers for best baby
subject under two years, one dozen
finest cabinets; for lady, age from 16
to 30 years, one elegant Paris Panel;
for old gentleman, age 50 years and
over, one 8x10 Imperial photo. All
competitors for the above to appear at
Mr. Hopkins' exhibit in "Art Hall" at
10 a. m., Thursday, Oct. 6.

O. Breyman & Son will give a gold
thimble to lady making the largest and
best display of needle work.

The Society offers for one gallon
crock June butter, 1st. prem., \$5.00;
2nd prem., \$3.00. One gallon crock
fall butter, 1st prem., \$5.00; 2nd prem.,
\$3.00. Five pounds butter in rolls, 1st
prem., \$3.00; 2nd prem., \$2.00.

M. Kiekintveld offers a good ball
and bat to the winning side in a
matched game of base ball.

Chas. A. Stevenson offers a silver
Bon-bon Tray for a Ladies' Bicycle race.
Graceful riding to be considered and
not speed.

H. Wykhuyzen will give to the win-
ner of a foot race, 100 yards on track,
all boys competing to be under 15 years
of age, a good watch and chain. Race
to take place on Thursday of Fair
week.

M. G. Manting will give one year's
subscription free to the person exhib-
iting the best collection of peaches.
And also to the person exhibiting the
best collection of apples.

Mrs. M. Bertsch will give a hand-
some black silk bonnet to the best
looking lady over 55 years of age. All
ladies to come to her exhibit on Fri-
day morning at 11 o'clock.

Geo. P. Hummer offers a bedroom
suite to the best looking young lady
under 20 years of age.

G. J. Diekema offers \$3 to the person
under 18 years of age writing the best
essay, not to exceed 500 words, on the
subject: "Christopher Columbus," and
\$2 to the person writing the second
best essay.

L. Mulder & Sons, publishers of the
Groundcut, will give a three years' sub-
scription of that paper to the person
exhibiting the best collection of flow-
ers in pots, and stem; two-years' sub-
scription to the second best; and one-
years' subscription to the third best.

The fact that the society has joined
the "American Trotting Association"
this year, will bring the speed trials
under the rules and regulations of that
association and render them the more
attractive. The program for the last
two days reads as follows:

THURSDAY, OCT. 6.

At 1:00 p. m. 2:37 Race, Mile Heats,
best 3 in 5. Purse, \$100.

At 1:30 p. m. 3 year-old Trot and
Pace, Mile Heats, best 2 in 3. Purse,
\$75.

At 2:00 p. m. Farmer's Green Race,
Mile Heats, best 2 in 3. Purse, \$20.
This is strictly a Farmers' Race. Hor-
ses to be eligible must, during past
summer, have been used for general
farm work. Horses to be driven by
owners, and no horse that has been in
the race before or has been in a train-
er's hands will be permitted to start.

FRIDAY, OCT. 7.

At 10:30 a. m. Cavalcade of Prem-
ium Stock.

At 1:00 p. m. Three Minute Race,
Mile Heats, best 3 in 5. Purse, \$100.

At 1:30 p. m. Free-for-all Trot and
Pace, Mile Heats, best 3 in 5. Purse,
\$150.

Pains will be taken to have the track
in first-class condition.

The other day Hon. R. P. Porter,
superintendent of U. S. census taken in
1890, presented by way of a lecture some
of the observations he has made in his
official capacity, with reference to
church statistics.

There are some 150 distinct religious
denominations in the United States—
altogether too many. The result is
wasted energy, dissensions, feeble
churches and spiritless church life.

In some unions of Christian believ-
ers and workers, or of a large number
of them in any community who can
agree on a few substantial fundamen-
tals, Sup't Porter sees the only
cure. Certainly in towns and villages
it would be easy to try this experiment.
Mr. Porter believes "that a consolida-
tion of some of these 150 shades of re-
ligious belief would not be a violent
shock to the consciences, and would
strengthen the great armies of Chris-
tians."

The Lutherans, Methodists, Presby-
terians, Roman Catholics, Baptists
and Episcopalians form the great body
of church adherents. The other 134
religious associations represent less
than 15 per cent. of the church edifica-
tions. The Methodist and Baptist, the steep-
les of whose place of meeting may be
found in almost every community,
however small, are credited with
44,244 and 39,412 church edifices re-
spectively; the Presbyterians coming
next in order with 12,462.

Statistics claiming increase in adhe-
rents to the Roman Catholic Church
are somewhat misleading, for the rea-
son that little distinction is made be-
tween "nominal" and "active" mem-
bership. Food for thought, however,
is afforded by the attributing to that
denomination of the most marked in-
crease in the number of churches since
1850 (614.43 per cent.) and also in the
value of church property (1,178.87 per
cent.) though in both these directions
the Lutherans follow closely.

Roughly stated there are in this
country 20,000,000 church communi-
cants. Deducting from our total popu-
lation young children, who could not
be expected to have a church connec-
tion, it appears that of the adult popu-
lation a large part are Christian be-
lievers.

Owing to the scarcity of water the
water commissioners have stopped the
street sprinkler from taking water at
the city hydrants at present. It was
all they could do at the works on Wed-
nesday, to keep the tank at the C. &
W. M. depot supplied, and it was
thought at one time they would have
to fall back upon river water. There
is no use in ignoring the fact that an
immediate increase in our water sup-
ply is one of the needs confronting our
local authorities. It should take pre-
cedence over all other proposed im-
provements. LATER.—It became nec-
essary on Thursday afternoon to shut
off all the water-takers, in order to fill
the railroad water tank with river wa-
ter. During the night the mains were
flushed to allow this river water to es-
cape. Nevertheless there always re-
mains some of it in the mains, which,
at this time of the year, and especially
after reading our article on the cholera
in another column, is a most undesir-
able predicament.

Three of a kind—the man who plants
a tree and leaves it entirely to Provi-
dence to water; the man who is willing
for the neighbor to pay for sprinkling
the street; the merchant who allows
his competitor, to do all the advertis-
ing and draw the trade from the coun-
ty.—Ex.

Said President Harrison in an off-
hand address, from the rear of his car,
at White Plains, N. Y., this week: "A
government that was good enough for
thousands to die for, is worthy to live
for by American citizens.

Judge Morse, democratic candidate
for governor, has resigned his position
as a justice of the supreme court, to
take effect October 5. The vacancy
will be temporarily filled by appoint-
ment by Gov. Winans, and next by the
people at the election in November.
The state conventions having all been
held, it is likely that the nominations
will be made by the state central com-
mittees of the several parties. The
Republican state committee is in ses-
sion in Detroit to-day (Friday) for that
purpose. Among the names suggested
are Judge Philip T. Van Zile, now of
Detroit; Judge Frank A. Hooker, of
Charlottesville; Judge J. Byron Judkins,
of Reed City; Judge Victor H. Lane, of
Adrian; Judge Russell R. Pealer, of
St. Joseph, and Judge W. W. Mitchell,
of Ionia.

John Brouwer, a farmer near Oak-
land, Allegan county, has become in-
sane. His movements during the past
week drew the attention of the mem-
bers of his family, but nothing serious
developed. Tuesday he was missing
and after due search was found in the
barn of his brother-in-law. He had
spent three days and nights in the
woods. Mr. Brouwer has a wife and
eight children and is in well-to-do cir-
cumstances.



GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

It will make BETTER BREAD
than you have ever made before.

POOR BREAD generally means POOR YEAST
POOR YEAST always means POOR BREAD
Look for the Owl and Moon. At your Grocer's.

Auction Sale

AT
HARRINGTON'S LANDING.

ON
Thursday, Sept. 8,

Commencing at 10 o'clock,
a. m.

At the above time and place I will sell
at auction:

7 cows, 2 heifers, 1 team of
horses, a lot of straw and
several other articles.

These cows are extra good milk
cows, and furnish the richest kind
of milk. They are from three to six
years old, and are specially desired for
dairy purposes.

TERMS: One year's credit on good
secured notes, without interest, on all
purchases exceeding \$5.00. Amounts
below that sum cash down.

GEO. H. SOUTER,
Auctioneer.

OPENING

New Furniture Store

OF
J. DE GRAAF

ON
RIVER STREET.

Bedroom Suites,
Folding Beds,
Carpets and Rugs,
Curtains, Fixtures,
Mirrors, Pictures,

Springs, Bedding & Feathers.

Elegant Sofas and Rockers.

Fine Oak Extension
Tables.

Store One Door North of Meyer & Son

Cleveland and
Stevenson. | o | Harrison
and | r | and
Reid.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

Campaign Hats and Caps in Var-
ious Styles and at Low Prices

at the

Clothing Emporium

of

Jonkman & Dykema
GREAT BARGAINS

At the Millinery Store of.

MISS DE VRIES & CO.

All Trimmed Summer Hats and
Bonnets will be sold at 1-4 off,
until August 1st.

All other Summer Goods we will sell at greatly reduced
prices for the remainder of the summer.

—To the—
City Meat Market
OF
WM. VAN DER VEERE,
Cor. Eighth and Fish St.
HOLLAND, MICH.
Fresh and Salt Meats, Mut-
ton and Veal.
CASH FOR POULTRY.

The wonderful "New Process."

The Original . . .
Evaporating . . .
Vapor Stove.



A stove that lights like gas,
A stove that makes no smoke,
A stove that never gets out of order!

Do not class this with other Vapor Stoves.
If we had nothing better than that already in the market, we would not
go to the trouble and expenses of calling your attention to it.
We ask you to call to see the "NEW PROCESS" in operation.
By actual test during the past two years it has been proven that the
"NEW PROCESS" consumes less gasoline for the amount of heat given than
any other style or kind of Vapor Stove.
Every family should possess one of these "NEW PROCESS VAPOR STOVES."
They are rapidly superseding all others.
Call and examine the stove at
E. VAN DER VEEN, Pioneer Hardware.
Gasoline always on hand.

POSITIVE CURE FOR
Bilious Sick Headache and Neuralgia.
Warranted to cure all Forms of Headache. Being combined with
Celery it is a specific for NERVOUS HEADACHE.
These fruits have recently come into notice as a nervous
stimulant and remedy for Sick Headache, especially adapted
to cases of extreme prostration or loss of vitality due to
over excitement of the mind or body. Under this name and label we offer an invaluable pow-
der, agreeable to take, purely vegetable. PRICE 25 CENTS AT DRUGSTORES.

TESTIMONIAL.
WILL Z. BANGS, Chemist,
CRISTAL VALLEY, OCHANA CO., MICH.

Dear Sir: For ten years my wife has been a sufferer from
Nervous Headache. Have tried numerous headache cures,
but none gave the satisfaction received from your Magic
Celery. I wish \$1.00 worth of the Headache Remedy.
HENRY ZEAGURS.

AN OFFER
Cut out this "ad" and show it to your nearest druggist.
If he has not Magic Celery in stock, write us what
he says, give name and address and we will send you a
package free.
WILL Z. BANGS, Grand Rapids, Mich.

The Headache Remedy.

THE CHOLERA.

Shall it Invade America?

The health officials in the large seaports of the United States are wide-awake to the impending danger, and preparing to ward off the scourge of cholera, should it make its appearance. They fully realize that every vessel which arrives from the infected districts in Europe is a source of danger and that each one must be watched with the closest scrutiny.

Any steamer having suspected cases or having had deaths on board is held until a bacteriological examination can be made, and if cholera is found all persons on board will be held at least seven days, the sick will be removed and placed in hospital, all baggage as well as the vessel will be treated with steam and all parts of the vessel not subjected to steam will be washed with a solution of bi-chloride of mercury.

At Detroit also rigid precautionary measures are being taken to prevent its introduction.

Among the emigrants who arrived Sunday over the Grand Trunk railway were ten Hollanders. They passed through New York city, but had no health certificate to show that they had been examined there. Nothing on which they could be detained was found, and they were allowed to proceed on their journey to Chicago.

Cholera presents itself in two forms. While some medical authorities claim that it is never imported, but always breaks out spontaneously under the influence of certain conditions, still the disease may appear afresh in any place where it has once raged, by a simple reinvigoration of the germs. It does also appear, but then with greater malignancy, as the result of dissemination or propagation.

In order to explain this idea, a city or town could be compared to a field that is absolutely barren, or on the surface of which were scattered a few seeds that would grow after the first shower. This would be the image of cholera nostras; that of cholera asiatica would be realized if, under the influence of a wind or storm, a much greater amount of seed were transplanted to the surface of the field.

This proves that the forms of cholera are one and the same disease, that they have the same relation to each other as a mild case of typhoid fever has to a more serious case, and that it is quite habitual to see them both break out at the same time.

Rapid and incessant extension is the characteristic of Asiatic cholera, whereas cholera nostras, which is a simple reawakening of germs left behind by a former invasion of Asiatic cholera, shows little tendency to spread to any distance beyond its original focus, and when it gives rise to epidemics these can be more easily limited.

Although the different authorities do not agree entirely on the nature of the germ of cholera, it is nevertheless certain that two things are necessary for the development of the disease.

1. The presence of a germ.
2. A favorable ground on which the germ can develop.

In a word in every question of contagion or epidemic we have to deal with the seed and the ground on which it falls.

Preservative measures must therefore aim at preventing the germ from entering the organism; and in the second place at rendering impossible the conditions which favor the development and dissemination of the germ.

Let us suggest some, both municipal and individual:

Pure water supply.
 Forbid the use of unripe or damaged fruit.

To remove all refuse.

Expose to steam under pressure every object that in one way or another has been in contact with a cholera patient.

Old wells to be closed.

Old privy vaults to be renewed.

Old school sinks and water closets to be cleaned and disinfected.

Depressed gutters to be cleaned, disinfected and graded.

Old houses, rookeries, etc., to be thoroughly inspected and all sanitary defects therein remedied; also to thoroughly clean walls and ceilings.

Depressed yards, areas and sidewalks to be cleaned, disinfected and graded.

Yard hydrants and sinks to be placed in thorough repair.

In addition to this, every individual person must combine his efforts with those which an intelligent government has exerted in the struggle against the germs which threaten us. Whether it

has arisen sporadically or whether it has been imported, the cholera poison exists, especially in the dejections and vomiting of its victims. After this it contaminates the ground, and finally filters into the water.

The principal preservative measure, therefore, to be taken by persons surrounded by an epidemic is to drink only water that is absolutely pure. To prevent any possible mistake it is best to take water that has been boiled.

Rooms that have been contaminated should be disinfected by sulphuric acid gas generated by burning sulphur. All linen, curtains, bedding, and carpets that have been in contact with the patient should be subjected to the action of steam under pressure. A house in which a case of cholera has appeared should be evacuated, whenever possible. The overcrowding of houses should be avoided, and a sufficient amount of air should be allowed to each person.

The closets should be especially watched to see that they are rigorously clean and to avoid any emanation of poisonous gas; when necessary a jar containing a solution of chlorine should be placed in them.

The greatest care should be taken in the food that is eaten. Fresh meat should be of the first quality; aqueous vegetables should be used only in moderation, but rice, under the different forms in which it can be used, will be very advantageous; few raw vegetables—melons, cucumbers, salads, or radishes—should be consumed.

Temperance in every form is advisable.

Care should be taken not to catch cold, to avoid dampness and sudden changes of temperature, as also every form of excessive fatigue, which, by its tendency to weaken the organism, will become a predisposing condition to the invasion of the disease. Finally, great moderation should be observed in the use of the means which trouble the digestive functions, which increase the motions and weaken the system, such as vomitives and laxatives.

Vomiting and diarrhea are the two great indispositions to be avoided at any price during an epidemic of cholera, and to be treated without delay as soon as they occur. Diarrhea is the first symptom of the disease, and the more promptly it is treated the greater chance we have of preventing the development of the complaint.

Other indications of the disease are pain in the pit of the stomach and an intense thirst which water cannot satisfy; cramps of the feet and legs, and of the muscles of the abdomen; dry skin and wrinkled flesh; coldness, loss of natural color and complexion; voice shrinking to a whisper.

There are other premonitory symptoms called by some authorities the first stage of the disease, to which the name of cholera has been given. These consist of a general feeling of uneasiness, weakness, nausea, and diarrhea, and sometimes vomiting; the dejections at first, though frequent, are natural. Cholera is usually caused by eating overripe fruit, and while it may develop into Asiatic cholera it is not always a necessary precursor of that dread disease. The quality of unsound or rotten food which must be taken into the system to produce cholera must be large. It differs from cholera proper in this, as a single germ of the Asiatic plague introduced into the intestines takes a rapid course and the whole mucous membrane in the course of a couple of days is eaten away.

LATER.—The steamship Moravia has arrived at New York with cholera on board. During the voyage it had 24 victims, of which 22 died. The vessel is now in close quarantine. Dr. Jenkins, the health officer of New York gives the following account of his first inspection of the ship:

I visited the vessel and made a general inspection of the people. I found them all apparently well except two convalescent patients. Dr. Israel, the ship doctor, informed me there was no one on board ill within five days. Most of the cases became ill, he said, a short time after they sailed. Some died in less than twenty-four hours. The last death occurred on the 28th. Ten cases had occurred within twenty-four hours after sailing. Of the twenty-four people stricken twenty-two died. No temperature was taken, but the surgeon judged the temperature of the patients was low from the touch. The patients, the ship's surgeon said, were debilitated after their long railroad rides before embarkation at Hamburg. I ordered the Captain to thoroughly disinfect everything and everybody on board.

H. Wykhuyzen, THE WELL KNOWN Jeweler



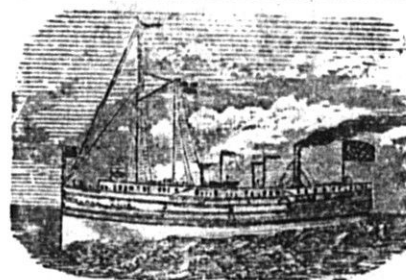
Has re-established himself in Holland and announces to his former friends and to the trade generally, that he has opened up an elegant line of

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc. etc.

Special Attention paid to Repairing.

GIVE US A CALL—EXAMINE MY STOCK. ENQUIRE OF THE PRICES.

STORE—Eighth street, one door east of Bosman Bros.
 Holland, Mich., May 13, 1892. 16-17



Steamer "McVea," John B. Campbell, Master.

Leave Bradshaw's dock, Holland at 5:00 o'clock p. m. every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday.

Leave O'Connor's dock, foot of Michigan street, Chicago, at 8 o'clock p. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Make a short stop at Saginaw harbor.

Fare, \$2.00. Return Ticket, \$3.00.

For information apply to Henry Dykhuis, at the dock, Holland, or to clerk W.H. McVea, on board the boat.

Shirts Made to Order

Leave orders with
D. J. SLUYTER,

at Wm. Brusse & Co's. Also agent for a first-class Steam Dye Works of Grand Rapids. Satisfaction Guaranteed. 13 6m

At the Popular HARDWARE of J. B. VAN OORT.

Special attention is called to new Gasoline Stoves.

"Aurora" and
 "New Aurora."

This last is the latest and most improved Gasoline Stove in the market.

Also a full line of Oil Stoves.

PAINTS.

The celebrated Paints of *Heath & Miligan* are kept on hand, in all shades and colors.

CREOLITE,

A new substance for floor painting. Dries bone-hard in one night, is free from tack, and durable

J. B. VAN OORT.
 Holland, Mich., March 24, 1892.

Do You Intend

To Build?

If so, call at the

**Ætna Planing Mill,
 James Huntley, Prop.**

Best assorted lumber-yard in the city. Lumber of all kinds and grades.

Lath, Shingles, Building Hardware, Brick Sash, and Doors, Paints etc.

Plans and specifications for Stores, Residences, Factories and all sorts of Building prepared on short notice.

James Huntley.
 Holland, Mich., April 15, 1892, 13—

A. C. RINCK & CO.

FURNITURE OF EVERY STYLE.

Chamber Suits.
 Parlor Suits.
 Dining Room.
 Furniture.
 Folding Beds.
 Baby Carriages.

In variety and completeness our stock of these goods can not be equalled in this part of Michigan.

We are prepared to fill every want in our line that is within the bounds of reason. Our stock is right up to date in the matter of latest styles.

We are always in the front rank displaying the choicest new Novelties as fast as they appear.

We make every price just as low as it can be made for an honest article. Nothing can be sold cheaper than we sell it unless it is of an inferior grade.

Remember the place, one door east of Bosman Bros., Eighth Street, Holland.
A. C. RINCK & CO.

WHEN YOU WANT

THE BEST

Ask for our "Sunlight" and "Daisy" brands.

**More Bread!
 Whiter Bread!
 Better Bread!**

Than any other Flour made.

Our **WHEAT GRITS** are the choicest cereal food for a Breakfast or Dessert Dish. Recipes for cooking printed on every package. Ask your grocer or flour dealer for them.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

Holland, Mich., April 30, 1892.

CUSTOM MILL

H. H. Karsten,

ZEELAND, MICH.
 The highest price paid for Buckwheat.

Special attention paid to Grind-
 ing of Buckwheat.

I have just put in a new Buckwheat Miller and am now prepared to make the finest Buckwheat Flour in the State. Come and give me a trial.

Mill and office near R. R. depot.
 30 1y **H. H. KARSTEN.**

De Kraker & De Koster,

Dealers in

**FRESH, SALT, AND SMOKED
 MEATS.**

Parties desiring

Choice Steaks and Roasts

Are especially invited to call.

**Market on River Street
 DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.**
 Holland, Mich., Aug. 5, 1892.

Choice

**Pork, Beef, Veal,
 Steaks, Roasts,
 Sausages,**

Corned Beef, Salt Pork,

—at the—

ECONOMY

Sausage Meats of all kinds,
 Beef, Pork, and Veal,
 fresh made.

Special Rates to Boarding Houses.

Poultry in its Season.

Kuite Bros.

Holland, Mich., March 4, 1892. 6

Attention!

Having yet on hand a very few of

This Season's Goods,

and it being our custom not to carry over any stock

We offer the Balance

at such prices that if you wish to purchase you should call soon.

A Choice Selection of

Children's Headwear

just received; the latest styles.

Werkman Sisters,

Holland, Aug. 27, 1892.

Now is the time

**TO SOW
 Millet & Hungarian**

I have a full stock of these

SEEDS
 on hand. Also

Buckwheat,

Timothy & Glover.

Crocker's Fertilizers.

Use them now for Corn and Potatoes.

W. H. Beach.

Cor. Fish and Eighth Sts.
 Holland, Mich., March 18, '92. 8—

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

WORK OF CONGRESS.

A RECORD OF FRAUD, SHAME AND INCOMPETENCY.

Fledged to Reform, It Did Not Reform—
Pledged to Economize, It Did Not Economize—Pledged to Legislate, It Did Not Legislate.

Extremely Extravagant.
At the elections this November the Democrats will appeal to the people of this country.

They will say: "Place us in power and we will reform the government. We will lighten your taxes, we will be more economical than the Republicans were, we will permit the South to be 'bull-dozed'; under our system of finance money will be more plentiful, and business, with the present tariff restrictions removed, will boom as it never did before."

But, by the by, is not this precisely what they said in 1890?

Then, the people, not yet having had the opportunity to realize the beneficent working of the McKinley bill and seeing only its temporary action in the way of markets glutted with foreign importations and business prostrated for a time

One minute to every ten thousand words and forty seconds to every million dollars.

On the same day, passed, under a similar suspension of the rules, a bill to admit Arizona as a State, a proposition hitherto never seriously discussed. Fifteen minutes was allowed each side. On the same day, also, New Mexico had a bill passed to admit her as a State, with like limitations as to debate. Just think of it, fifteen whole minutes to discuss such a question as that!

Surely, there never was such a farce! The question of the admission of New Mexico is not at all a political question, or, if it is, the politics sinks into insignificance compared with the complex question arising out of the nature of the population and its relation to the Union. On this question the wisest men of both parties, even in New Mexico, hesitate, and this Democratic House illustrates the freedom of debate and the wisdom of deliberation by deciding the whole matter in thirty minutes.

This is wisdom shod with the shoes of swiftness.

On that same day, also, under a similar suspension of the rules and with fifteen minutes of debate on either side, the anti-option bill was passed. Fifteen minutes of debate on the anti-option bill in a house of 332 members!

and the President, and then have gone to the country this fall on the issue.

What did it do?
It showed its hate and the impotency of its hate, and that was all.
It brought in a bill to destroy the wool-growing and woolen industries of this country.
It brought in a bill to continue paying tribute to British tin-plate makers.
It brought in a bill to put binding twine on the free list.
It brought in a bill to hand over the American market for cotton ties to foreign capitalists.

But if the Democracy adopted what one of their own men calls a "pop-gun" system of tariff reform, their Committee on War Claims have started a galling gun system on war claims.

It is true that the House itself has so far acted on but few of them; but these few show how the many will finally be treated.

A House which has voted to lift the incus of the statute of limitations from Sibley's case, so as to allow the heirs of an officer who left the United States army to join the Confederates collect a royalty on tents used in the very war he helped to wage, has shown itself capable of infinite power of sapping the treasury.

As to the free coinage of silver.

TOP HEAVY.



—Judge.

because it was adjusting itself to the new conditions, believed the Democrats once more, returned them to power and gave them such a majority—111, or more than two-thirds—in Congress as to place them in a position where they could make good all their promises by legislation to the extent of their power, for the Senate and the President were, of course, still Republican.

The present Congress, writes John C. Freeland, having sat eight months, has now adjourned, and the people of this country have, therefore, ample opportunity to judge, in a fair and impartial manner, not merely as to its accomplishment, but what is really far more important, as to its general intention.

Surely all must admit that the Democrats had a magnificent opportunity to vindicate their party from the charge that it was merely a party of obstruction and destruction, formidable only in opposition and powerless to carry out measures of constructive statesmanship!

How did the Democrats redeem their pledges that they would repeal the McKinley bill, would carry free coinage, would stop reciprocity, sugar bounties and subsidies for ocean mail service, and would cut off one hundred millions or more from the so-called outrageous appropriations of what they were pleased to designate as "the billion dollar Congress."

What is the record?

(One of incompetency and shame! Every promise deliberately broken!)

A large part of the entire session was frittered away in making senseless rules which were repudiated at the last minute; in trivial debates and roll calls, while measures of the utmost importance were passed with a reckless haste, unprecedented in American legislation.

As Speaker Reed has shown, in his recently published review of the session, on the 6th of June, after a session of six months, Mr. Holman was forced to rush through the House the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill carrying \$22,000,000, occupying fifteen record columns of the finest type, covering thousands of items and containing 150,000 words, under a suspension of the rules, with fifteen minutes' debate on either side.

Here was a bill which may disarrange the commerce of the world—a bill on which hang more hopes and fears than any bill of the last ten years, and this bill has passed the House on the theory that the House had only fifteen minutes of wisdom to be bestowed on either side of the question.

As to the promise to reduce the appropriations.

While the Fifty-first (Republican) Congress had appropriated \$463,000,000, the Fifty-second (Democratic) appropriated \$10,000,000.

Instead of, according to promise, cutting down the appropriations of the Republican Congress by one hundred millions, the Democrats increased them by fifty-three millions!

What shall we say of the financial ability of a party which miscalculates to the extent of over one hundred and fifty millions in a single session?

And with all this miserable and even criminal parsimony was observed in many directions.

While the Fifty-first Congress had provided liberally for the American navy and representatives of the United States government abroad, this Congress did its utmost to starve our navy and cripple our consular service, although, during the Chilian difficulty, we had very serious evidence what it meant for this country to be left with a weak or insufficient navy.

While this Congress appropriated over \$50,000,000 for a river and harbor bill, it cut down the appropriations for light-houses on dangerous coasts, and cut off the appropriation for soap for the cadets at West Point.

Such action would be ridiculous if it were not so very shameful.

As to its promise to repeal the sugar bounties and reciprocity.

It made not the first attempt to touch either.

As to its promise to repeal the McKinley bill.

Here, if anywhere, it could have shown statesmanship.

Granted that in face of a Republican President and Senate it could not have finally carried through such a repeal, but it could have passed a comprehensive scheme of tariff reform, have left the defeat of such scheme to the Senate

The House voted twice on free coinage, 138 Democrats in favor only 81 against it on all grounds, the first time, but half the Democratic opposition was solely for the purpose of deferring action until after the Presidential election.

The second vote, taken after Mr. Cleveland's nomination, showed more Democrats for postponement. But on all occasions a great majority of the Democrats voted for immediate and unlimited coinage of silver, which was prevented only by the steady patriotism of the Republican minority.

To sum up: The record of this Congress shows that the Democratic party is unfit for power, is incapable of intelligent and patriotic government, and that the promises it made the people in 1890 were a deliberate effort to cheat voters by false pretenses.

Bad for Political Pessimists.

According to good authorities, such as the commercial agencies, which make a business of statistics and never permit politics to warp or hide facts, the volume of trade in July was fully 15 per cent. in excess of July, 1891, and well beyond all previous records. The imports were very heavy, showing a gain of 19 per cent. over the corresponding month of last year. Business failures, notwithstanding the increased number of firms and individuals engaged in trade, were 23 or 25 per cent. less numerous than in July, 1891. Railroad earnings increased in nearly all sections.

These facts make an interesting stone wall for all parties of pessimism and evil forebodings to attack. The charges made by inflationists that commerce is drying up for lack of money to circulate through its myriad veins and arteries are made as ridiculous as the assertions of enemies of the tariff system to the effect that the foreign trade of the United States must languish under the existing system of protecting domestic industries. The campaign of '92 is not opening under circumstances which render easy the winning of votes by predictions of future evils or dismal outlooks over existing conditions. The people are too prosperous for the prophets of evil.

—Cleveland Leader.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

MANUFACTURING IN TOWNS OF MIDDLE ENGLAND.

The Seraph Covered His Face When He Approached the Throne of God—This Seems to Be an Age of Irreverence—Fools Make a Mock of Sin.

The Seraph Wings.

During the past week Dr. Talmage has been preaching to enormous audiences in the great manufacturing towns of the English midland counties. In Birmingham, in spite of the great size of the churches placed at his disposal, it was necessary to engage the town hall, the spacious building in which John Bright delivered his famous speeches to the electors, and even this edifice would not contain half the people who tried to get entrance. At Leicester, Cardiff and Swansea there was the same eagerness to hear him and he was received with unbounded enthusiasm. The sermon selected for publication this week is on Isaiah vi, 2. "With twain he covered his face, and with twain he covered his feet, and with twain he did fly."

In a hospital of leprosy good King Uzziah had died and the whole land was shadowed with solemnity, and theological and prophetic Isaiah was thinking a religious thing, as one is apt to do in time of great national bereavement, and forgetting the presence of his wife and two sons, who made up his family, he has a dream, not like the dreams of ordinary character which generally come from indigestion, but a vision most instructive and under the touch of the hand of the Almighty.

The place, the ancient temple; building, grand, awful, majestic. Within that temple a throne higher and grander than that occupied by any czar or sultan or emperor. On that throne, the eternal Christ. In lines surrounding that throne the brightest celestial, not the cherubim, but higher than they; the most exquisite and radiant of the heavenly inhabitants, the seraphim. They are called burners, because they look like fire. Lips of fire, eyes of fire, feet of fire. In addition to the features and the limbs which suggest a human being there are pinions which suggest the lightest, the swiftest, the most buoyant and most inspiring of all intelligent creation—a bird. Each seraph had six wings, each two of the wings for a different purpose. Isaiah's dream quivers and flashes with these pinions. Now folded, now spread, now beaten in locomotion. "With twain he covered his face, and with twain he covered his feet, and with twain he did fly."

The probability is that these wings were not all used at once. The seraph standing there near the throne, overwhelmed at the insignificance of the paths his feet had trodden as compared with the paths trodden by the feet of God, and with the lameness of his locomotion, amounting almost to decrepitude as compared with the divine velocity, with feathery veil of angelic modesty hides the feet. "With twain he did cover the feet."

Standing there overpowered by the over-matching splendors of God's glory, and unable longer with the eyes to look upon them, and wishing those eyes shaded from the insufferable glory, the pinions gather over the countenance. "With twain he did cover the face." Then as God tells this seraph to go to the farthest outpost of immensity on message of light and love and joy, and get back before the first anthem, it does not take the seraph a great while to spread himself upon the air with unimagined celerity, one stroke of the wing equal to 10,000 leagues of air. "With twain he did fly."

The most practical and useful lesson for you and me, when we see the seraph spreading his wings over the feet, is a lesson of humility at imperfection. The brightest angels of God are so far beneath God that He charges them with folly. The seraph so far beneath God, and we so far beneath the seraph in service, we ought to be plunged in humility, utter and complete. Our feet, how laggard they have been in the divine service! Our feet, how many missteps they have taken! Our feet, in how many paths of worldliness and folly they have walked!

Neither God nor seraph intended to put any dishonor upon that which is one of the masterpieces of Almighty God—the human foot. Physiologist and anatomist are overwhelmed at the wonders of its organization. The "Bridge-water Treatise," written by Sir Charles Bell, on the wisdom and goodness of God as illustrated in the human hand, was a result of the \$40,000 bequeathed in the last will and testament of the Earl of Bridgewater for the encouragement of Christian literature. The world could afford to forgive his eccentricities, though he had two dogs seated at his table, and though he put six dogs alone in an equipage drawn by four horses and attended by two footmen. With his large bequest including Sir Charles Bell to write so valuable a book on the wisdom of God in the structure of the human hand, the world could afford to forgive his oddities.

And the world could now afford to have another Earl of Bridgewater, however idiosyncratic, if he would induce some other Sir Charles Bell to write a book on the wisdom and goodness of God in the construction of the human foot. The articulation of its bones, the lubrication of its joints, the gracefulness of its lines, the ingenuity of its cartilages, the delicacy of its veins, the rapidity of its muscular contraction, the sensitiveness of its nerves. I sound the praise of the human foot. With that we halt or climb or march. It is the foundation of the physical fabric. It is the base of a God poised column. With it the warrior braces himself for battle. With it the orator plants himself for eloquence. With it the toiler reaches his work. With it the outraged stamps his indignation. Its loss an irreparable disaster. Its health an invaluable equipment. If you want to know its value ask the man whose foot paralysis hath shriveled, or machinery hath crushed, or surgeon's knife hath amputated. The Bible honors it. Especial care, "Lest thou dash thy foot against a stone;" "He will not suffer thy foot to be moved;" "thy feet shall not stumble." Especial charge, "Keep thy foot when thou goest to the house of God." Especial peril, "Their feet shall slide in due time." Connected with the world's dissolution, "He shall set one foot on the sea and the other upon the earth."

Give me a history of your foot, and I will give you a history of your lifetime. Tell me up what steps it hath gone down what declivities and in what roads and in what directions, and I will know

more about you than I want to know. None of us could endure the scrutiny. Our feet not always in paths of God. Sometimes in paths of worldiness. Our feet, a divine and glorious machinery for usefulness and work, so often making missteps, so often going in the wrong direction. God knowing every step, the patriarch saying: "Thou settest a print on the heels of my feet." Crimes of the hand, crimes of the tongue, crimes of the eye, crimes of the ear not worse than crimes of the foot. Oh, we want the wings of humility to cover the feet! Ought we not to go into self-abnegation before the all-searching, all-scrutinizing, all-trying eye of God? The seraphs do. How much were we. "With twain he covered the feet."

All this talk about the dignity of human nature is bragadoocio and a sin. Our nature started at the hand of God regal, but it has been pauperized. There is a well in Belgium which once had very pure water, and it was stoutly masoned with stone and brick, but that well afterward became the centre of the battle of Waterloo. At the opening of the battle the soldiers with their sabers compelled the gardener, William Von Kysom, to draw water out of the well for them, and it was very pure water. But the battle raged, and three hundred dead and half dead were flung into the well for quick and easy burial, so that the well of refreshment became the well of death, and long after people looked down into the well and they saw the bleached skulls, but no water. So the human soul was a well of good, but the armies of sin have fought around it and fought across it and been slain, and it has become a well of skeletons. Dead hopes, dead resolutions, dead opportunities, dead ambitions. An abandoned well unless Christ shall reopen it and purify and clean it as the well of Belgium never was. Unclean, unclean!

Another seraphic posture in the text, "With twain he covered the face." That means reverence Godward. Never so much reverence abroad in the world as to-day. You see it in defaced statuary, in the cutting out of figures from fine paintings, in the chipping of monuments for a memento, in the fact that military guard must stand at the graves of Grant and Garfield, and that old shade trees must be cut down for firewood, though fifty George P. Morrises beg the woodmen to spare the tree, and that calls a corpse a cadaver, and that speaks of death as going over to the majority, and substitutes for the reverent terms, father and mother, "the old man" and "old woman," and finds nothing impressive in the ruins of Basbec or the columns of Karnac, and sees no difference in the Sabbath from other days except it allows more dissipation, and reads the Bible in what is called higher criticism, making it not the Word of God, but a good book with some fine things in it.

Irreverence never so much abroad. How many take the name of God in vain, how many trivial things said about the Almighty! Not willing to have God in the world, they roll up an idea of sentimentality and humanitarianism and impudence and imbecility, and call it God. No wings of reverence over the face, no taking off of shoes on holy ground. You can tell from the way they talk they could have made a better world than this, and that the God of the Bible shocks every sense of propriety. They talk of the love of God in a way that shows you they believe it does not make any difference how bad a man is here he will come in at the shining gate. They talk of the love of God in such a way which shows you they think it is a general jail delivery for all the abandoned and the scoundrelism of the universe. No punishment hereafter for any wrong done here.

The Bible gives us two descriptions of God, and they are just opposite, and they are both true. In one place the Bible says God is love. In another place the Bible says God is a consuming fire. The explanation is plain as plain can be. God through Christ is love. God out of Christ is fire. To win the one and to escape the other we have only to throw ourselves—body, mind and soul—into Christ's keeping. "No," says Irreverence, "I want no atonement, I want no pardon, I want no intervention; I will go up and face God, and I will challenge Him, and I will defy Him, and I will ask Him what He wants to do with me." So the finite confronts the infinite, so a tack hammer tries to break a thunderbolt, so the breath of human nostrils defies the everlasting God, while the hierarchs of heaven bow the head and bend the knee as the King's chariot goes by, and the arch-angel turns away because he cannot endure the splendor, and the chorus of all the empires of heaven comes in with full diapason, "Holy, holy, holy!"

Reverence for shame, reverence for the old merely because it is old, reverence for stupidity however learned, reverence for incapacity however finely inaugurated; I have none. But we want more reverence for God, more reverence for the sacraments, more reverence for the Bible, more reverence for the pure, more reverence for the good. Reverence a characteristic of all great natures. You hear it in the roll of the master orator. You see it in the Raphaels and Titians and Ghirlandajos. You study it in the architecture of the Aholas and Christopher Wrens. Do not to flippant about God. Do not joke about death. Do not make fun of the Bible. Do not deride the eternal. The brightest and mightiest seraph cannot look unabashed upon him. Involuntarily the wings come up. "With twain he covered his face."

Who is this God before whom the arrogant and intractable refuse reverence? There was an engineer of the name of Strascrates who was in the employ of Alexander the Great, and he offered to hew a mountain in the shape of his master, the Emperor, the enormous figure to hold in the left hand a city of ten thousand inhabitants, while with the right hand it was to hold a basin large enough to collect all the mountain torrents. Alexander applauded him for his ingenuity, but forbade the enterprise because of its costliness. Yet I have to tell you that our King holds in one hand all the cities of the earth and all the oceans, while he has the stars of Heaven for his tiara.

Earthly power goes from hand to hand—from Henry I to Henry II and Henry III, from Charles I to Charles II, from Louis I to Louis II and Louis III—but from everlasting to everlasting is God. God the first, God the last, God the only. He has one telescope with which He sees everything—His omniscience. He has one bridge with which He crosses everything—His omnipresence. He has one hammer with which He builds everything—His omnipotence. Put two teaspoonsful of water in the palm of your hand and it will overflow; but Isaiah indicates that God puts the Atlantic, and the Pacific, and the Arctic, and the Antarctic, and the Mediter-

anean, and the Black sea, and all the waters of the earth in the hollow of His hand. The fingers the beach on one side, the wrist the beach on the other. "He holdeth the water in the hollow of His hand."

As you take a pinch of salt or powder between your thumb and two fingers, so Isaiah indicates God takes up the earth. He measures the dust of the earth, the original thereof indicating that God takes all the dust of all the continents between the thumb and two fingers. You wrap around your hand a blue ribbon five times, ten times. You say it is five hand breadths, or it is ten hand breadths. So indicates the prophet, God winds the blue ribbon of the sky around his hand. "He meteth out the heavens with a span."

You know that balances are made of a beam suspended in the middle with two basins at the extremity of equal heft. In that way what vast heft has been weighed! But what are all the balances of earthly manipulation compared with the balances that Isaiah saw suspended when he saw God putting into the scales the Alps, and the Apennines, and Mount Washington, and the Sierra Nevadas? You see the earth had to be ballasted. It would not do to have too much weight in Europe, or too much weight in Asia, or too much weight in Africa or in America; so when God made the mountains He weighed them. The Bible distinctly says so.

God knows the weight of the great ranges that cross the continents—the tons, the pounds avoirdupois, the ounces, the grains, the milligrams—just how much they weighed then and just how much they weigh now. "He weighed the mountains in scales and the hills in a balance." Oh, what a God to run against; oh, what a God to disobey; oh, what a God to dishonor; oh, what a God to defy! The brightest, the mightiest angel takes no familiarity with God. The wings of reverence are lifted. "With twain he covered the face."

Another seraphic posture in the text. The seraph must not always stand still. He must move, and it must be without clumsiness. There must be celerity and beauty in the movement. "With twain he did fly." Correction, exhilaration. Correction at our slow gait, for we only crawl in the service when we ought to fly at the divine bidding. Exhilaration is the fact that the soul has wings as the seraphs have wings. What is a wing? An instrument of locomotion. They may not be like seraph's wing, they may not be like bird's wing, but the soul has wings. God says so. "He shall mount up on wings as eagles." We are made in the divine image, and God has wings. The Bible says so. "Healing in His wings." "Under the shadow of His wings." "Under whose wings thou hast come to trust." We have folded wing now, wounded wing, broken wing, bleeding wing, caged wing. Aye! I have it now. Caged within bars of base and under curtains of flesh, but one day to be free. I hear the rustle of pinions in Seagrave's poem which we often sing:

Rise, my soul, and stretch thy wings.
I hear the rustle of pinions in Alexander Pope's stanza, which says:

I mount, I fly,
O Death, where is thy victory?

A dying Christian long ago cried out, "Wings, wings, wings!" The air is full of them, coming and going, coming and going. You have seen how the dull, sluggish chrysalis becomes the bright butterfly; the dull and the stupid and the lethargic turn into the alert and the beautiful. Well, my friends, in this world we are in a chrysalid state. Death will unfurl the wings. Oh, if we could only realize what a grand thing it will be to get rid of this old clod of the body and mount the heavens, neither seagull nor lark nor albatross nor falcon nor condor pitching from highest range of Andes so buoyant or so majestic of stroke.

See that eagle in the mountain nest. It looks so sick, so ragged feathered, so worn out and so half asleep. Is that eagle dying? No. The ornithologist will tell you it is molting season with that bird. Not dying, but molting. You see that Christian sick and weary and worn out and seeming about to expire on what is called his deathbed. The world says he is dying. I say it is the molting season for his soul—the body dropping away, the celestial pinions coming on. Not dying, but molting. Molting out of darkness and sin and struggle into glory and into God. Why do you not shout? Why do you sit shivering at the thought of death and trying to hold back and wishing you could stay here forever, and speak of departure as though the subject were filled with skeletons and the vanities of coffins, and as though you preferred lame foot to swift wing?

O people of God, let us stop playing the fool and prepare for rapturous flight. When your soul stands on the verge of this life, and there are vast precipices beneath, and sapphire domes above, which way will you fly? Will you swoon or will you soar? Will you fly downward or will you fly upward? Everything on the wing this morning bidding us aspire. Holy Spirit on the wing. Angel of the new covenant on the wing. Tine on the wing, flying away from us. Eternity on the wing, flying toward us. Wings, wings, wings!

Live so near to Christ that when you are dead people standing by your lifeless body will not soliloquize, saying, "What a disappointment life was to him; how aversive he was to departure; what a pity it was he had to die; what an awful calamity!" Rather standing there may they see a sign more vivid on your still face than the vestiges of pain, something that will indicate that it was a happy exit—the clearance from oppressive quarantine, the castoff chrysalid, the molting of the faded and useless, and the ascent from malarial valleys to bright, shining mountain tops, and be led to say, as they stand there contemplating your humility and your reverence in life and your happiness in death. "With twain he covered the feet, with twain he covered the face, and with twain he did fly." Wings! Wings! Wings!

Destroying Cannibals.

"Fifty years ago," said Earl Cairns, at a meeting of the Church Missionary Society, "if a man had been shipwrecked on some of the islands of the Pacific, he would have been killed, cooked, and eaten; whereas, if a man were shipwrecked there now, he would receive Christian hospitality. Miss Gordon Cumming, who is not a missionary, and who did not write for the purpose of crying up missions, declared that, while in 1835 the people of Fiji were cannibals, there are now 400 churches and 1,400 schools there. Lady Brassey writes that anybody who wants to see the last traces of heathenism in Japan had better go soon as they are rapidly giving place to Christianity."

Too Realistic.
During a recent performance of "Captain Lapalisse" at a Valencia theater, an incident occurred which for life-like effect left nothing to be desired. During the said play some of the actors mingle with the spectators in order to co-operate from the body of the house. No sooner had Miralles, the actor, taken his seat in the stalls than a daring pick-pocket robbed him of his gold watch. Miralles seized the man by his coat-collar and called out in a deep bass voice:
"Police! Help! Thieves!"
The audience, taking this little episode to be part of the performance, roared with laughter; even the policemen joined in, without stirring hand or foot. "This is no farce," cried the actor in tones of despair. "The fellow has got my watch!"
The voice sounded so natural that the audience broke into loud applause at "such excellent fooling." Meanwhile the thief managed to break away from his captor and discreetly withdrew from the scene.—El Imparcial.

G. A. R. Encampment, Washington, D. C., Sept. 30, 1892.
The Monon Route to Cincinnati, in connection with the Chesapeake and Ohio Route to Washington, is the official route of the Department of State of Illinois. Special trains will leave Dearborn Station Saturday night and Sunday morning, Sept. 17 and 18, arriving at Washington the following day. The route passes all the famous battle-fields of Virginia via Gordonsville. On the return tickets will be honored from Richmond, passing Lynchburg and Appomattox. Only \$3 Washington to Richmond via the Potomac River and Old Point Comfort.
Special stop-over privileges will be granted, enabling all to visit the battle-fields without extra cost.
For circulars, maps, and further information call or write F. J. Rann, C. P. A., 223 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

New Use for Electricity.
Electricity is now used in a French gun factory for tempering gun springs. The springs consist of steel wire, wound spirally, and when they have been brought to a high temperature by the passage of the current the circuit is broken, and they are dropped into a trough of water. It is stated that by this method a workman can temper 2,400 springs a day.

LADIES, ladies, think of the engagements you have broken and the disappointments consequent to others and perhaps also to yourselves, all on account of headache. Brachycoline will cure you in fifteen minutes. Of all Druggists. Fifty cents.

ITCH—All Itches stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Itch after first day's use. Marvellous cure. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to all cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

HIGH LIVING.
If you keep at it, is apt to tell you the liver. The things to prevent this are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Take one of these little Pellets for a cathartic. They're the smallest, easiest to take, pleasantest and most natural in the way they act. They do permanent good. Constipation, indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Sick or Bilious Headache, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured.
They're guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or your money is returned.

The worst cases of Chronic Catarrh in the Head, yield to Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. So certain is it that its makers offer \$500 reward for an incurable case.

A Young Woman at Fifty
Or, as the woman expresses it, "a well-preserved woman." One who, understanding the rules of health, has followed them, and preserved her youthful appearance. Mrs. Pinkham has many correspondents who, through her advice and care, can look with satisfaction in their mirrors.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound goes to the root of all female complaints, renews the vitality, and invigorates the system. Intelligent women know well its wonderful powers.

It is the successful product of a life's work of a woman among women, and is based upon years of actual practice and experience.

All Druggists sell it, or send by mail, in form of a free sample, or on receipt of 10c. Address: LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK
THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.
My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is pleasant to take. It is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is located.

LANE'S MEDICINE
All druggists sell it at 10c and 25c per package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary. Address: GRANT V. WOODWARD, Lafford, N. Y.

BEST POLISH IN THE WORLD.
RISEING SUN STOVE POLISH
DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Pastes, Waxes, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

FREE BUNKS FOR ALL.

BUILDINGS ERECTED FOR ENCAMPMENT QUARTERS.

The Busy Scene at the Monument Grounds, Where the Large Buildings Are Being Erected by the Citizens' Committee for the Use of the Visiting Grand Army Veterans.

Fifteen Thousand Beds.
Washington correspondence:

TO build homes for a population of some 15,000 is, as a rule, the work of years. But out on the plain that surrounds the Washington Monument there is to be a settlement of that size about the middle of September. There is nothing there now except swarms of busy workmen, great masses of lumber and skeletons of frame buildings. About the 19th of September the population of this town will begin to arrive. By the next day, so rapid will be the growth, the high-water mark in the population will be reached.

A Busting Short-Lived Town.
The town will continue to flourish and will not doubt be an exceedingly bustling place, and then in the course of four or five days an exodus will begin which will leave the place without a single inhabitant. All this sounds like a tale from a fairy book. But it is a sober fact. The only magician in the case is the enterprise of the business men of the city which has provided the buildings for a portion of the great multitude of old soldiers who will come here to attend the G. A. R. encampment.

Just now it is impossible to get an accurate idea of the immense undertaking which the citizens' committee have on their hands. By the end of next week it is expected that the buildings will be completed. Then there will be seen seven principal buildings grouped along the curving driveway which is on the south side of the Washington monument. A line of trees and clusters of shrubbery will partially shut off the view of the buildings from B street. All of the buildings, which are long structures with sloping roofs covered with tar paper and a line of openings for ventilation at the ridge, are built of wood, with canvas sides, the latter of which can be raised or lowered as the weather makes necessary. They have a uniform width of 64 feet, and a varying depth of



THE PRINCIPAL BUILDING.

from 200 to 350 feet. A building of the latter size has a capacity for about 2,300 men.

Fifteen Thousand Men.
The entire group will furnish sleeping quarters for about 15,000 men, and in the vicinity other buildings will be put up, where the men can wash, and also buildings where they can get their meals. In the vicinity space has been reserved for the members of posts which bring tents, with the intention of camping out.

The buildings where the men will sleep are interesting for several reasons. The great size is, of course, an element that will attract the curiosity of the public. But their design is such that they will cost the minimum amount of money. There was no plan drawn, but Chairman Edson, in connection with Mr. W. C. Morrison, the builder, worked out the scheme from the basis of a known number of men that must be provided with sleeping quarters. In a figurative way it may be said that 15,000 men were put into their little beds, and the size of the buildings necessary to give them shelter was calculated to a nicety. While ample room is allowed for each man, yet there is no waste space.

Each building is divided into two or three divisions by cross passage ways. Then aisles are run down the length of the building with a row of bunks on each side, three high. The bunks are substantially built, and along each row is drawn tightly a substantial strip of canvas. The canvas is brought over a strip of wood at the head of each bunk, then fastened down to strips in the inside, thus supplying the place of a bolster. It is then securely fastened to each side of the bunk, and the same operation is repeated in the next bunk. In this way each bunk is supplied with a spring mattress which will receive the weary forms of the veterans and cause them to sink away into a dreamless slumber undisturbed by the nightmares which were a common experience of their soldier life, when they rolled over

THE ARRANGEMENT OF THE BUNKS.

on a stubborn root in the ground or some sharp-pointed stone. Each bunk is six feet long, two feet six inches wide, with a space of two feet eight inches between each bunk.

Canvas instead of boards. The use of canvas for covering the sides in place of boards is another admirable feature, as the canvas is not only cheaper, but it can be rolled up during a hot night, and if the weather is cool it will be ample protection. All

that the occupants of these quarters will need to bring with them is a blanket, and perhaps a comb to smooth out their tumbled hair in the morning and enough money to buy their meals. They won't even have the bother of thinking whether burglars are likely to break in, as the committee will have the buildings in charge of a competent corps of watchmen.

A Musical Theme.
When the triple row of men, sixteen in file, stretching along some 350 feet—and there are seven of such combinations—engage in their nightly wrestle with old Morpheus, what a chorus of sounds will be evolved. Such a chorus properly arranged for the orchestra would be a drawing card in the repertoire of the Marine Band.

Mr. Chase, who is Mr. Morrison's superior, has over 100 men at work, and by the close of next week he expects to have all the buildings completed.

Quarters Elsewhere.
Although this group of buildings will furnish quarters for about 15,000 men, yet the citizens' committee have to look out for about as many more. So the construction of four or five similar buildings will be begun at once at Garfield Park, where it is expected some 8,000 or 10,000 men will be located. A couple of buildings will be erected on the square bounded by 7th, 8th, and C streets southwest, which will accommodate some 3,000 men. In addition, the committee propose to lease the new hall over the K street market if it is completed in time, where some 2,000 men can sleep. Nearly all the school build-



LAYING THE FOUNDATIONS.

ings have been assigned to Grand Army posts free of charge, the committee further supplying the necessary cots. Altogether the committee will provide sleeping quarters for a good-sized army of some 40,000. Quarters for between 15,000 and 20,000 men have been secured by the posts of which they are members, and the rent of which will be paid by the posts, so that the committee will not be under the necessity of providing sleeping accommodations for this proportion of the thousands of old soldiers who intend to come to the city in September.

Care for Your Umbrella.

"Show me an umbrella," says a manufacturer, "that has holes worn in the silk about the ring at the top, while the body of the material is still intact throughout, and I will show you the owner of an umbrella who doesn't deserve to own one, not if it is a good one; and show me an umbrella that has holes in it along the ribs before natural use of it should make them come there, and I will show you an owner who carries his umbrella more for the sake of appearance than for utility."

A wet umbrella placed handle down down drips the moisture from it at the edges of the frame, and the material with which it is covered dries evenly, and leaves no spot still soaked with water. If it is stood handle upward the water runs down to one spot at the top, where the strong cloth lining about the ring holds a good deal of it, and in a comparatively short time rots the material, and it breaks easily.

The man who carries his umbrella swathed in its case when it is not called into use by rain, to give him a more stylish appearance on parade, will soon find it wearing out from top to bottom.

This is because of constant friction between the case and the silk, and no matter of how good quality it may be, the holes will appear in it long before they should, and the dealer who sold the umbrella will of course be blamed for selling inferior or damaged goods. There are many people so ignorant of the proper treatment of an umbrella that they will actually roll it up when wet, and leave it to rot and mold until the next time they want it for use.

Of course, if it was not for such thoughtless folks we wouldn't sell so many umbrellas, but we would escape a great deal of grumbling and growling from customers about the quality of what we sell. If you want your umbrella, and especially a good silk one, to last twice as long as it otherwise would, always leave it loose, whether in use or not, and dry it open, with the handle down.—New York Weekly.

He Was a Proud Old Planter.

"Speaking of the decadence of American spirit reminds me of a proud old Arkansas planter I knew before the war," said Col. John Hathaway of Tennessee. "I met the old gentleman in a hotel at Little Rock, and, needing some postage stamps, asked him if he could accommodate me. He took a sheet from his big pocketbook and told me to help myself. I took quite a number and tendered him pay for them. He straightened up, looked at me severely over his glasses, and said: 'Sir, a gentleman does not peddle postage stamps.' That old man's grandson is now coachman for a wealthy Chicago pork packer, and appears to be not a little proud of his gorgeous livery. Prosperity is a great promoter of independence. The average man is humble enough when both his stomach and pocketbook are empty."—Globe-Democrat.

The gambling tables at Monte Carlo netted their proprietors over \$5,000,000 last year.

"Mud that Is More Valuable than Gold."

"There is no gold in the hills around our place, but there is mud that is more valuable than gold," said Mr. H. L. Kramer, who registered yesterday at the Auditorium, of Indiana Mineral Springs, Warren County, Ind. It is a magnetic mineral mud, and it is more valuable than gold, for it cures rheumatism in every form, no matter how long the victim has been a sufferer. "O, no," laughingly replied Mr. Kramer to the reporter's question, "we do not give our patients mud to eat; it is made up in poultices and placed on the joints where the pain is the most severe."

It is only within the past few years that this wonderful Magnetic Mud deposit has been known. Large quantities of it have been carried away, and people are traveling from far and near to our new hotel and bath house, costing over \$150,000, which has just been completed, in order that they may drink the Magnetic Mineral Water and bathe in the mud. There are upwards of two hundred people there to-day, and many have recovered so rapidly as to make it a wonder to themselves and their friends. We look forward to the time when people will be journeying to the Indiana Mineral Springs from every State and Territory in the Union to be cured of chronic, rheumatic, and kidney diseases that baffled the best medical skill."

The mud is found immediately at the base of the center of a horse shoe shaped bluff, where the springs are also located, and it seems that the waters of the springs pouring forth there for countless ages has thoroughly impregnated this deposit with mineral properties, and magnetized it so that when a steel blade is left in it, after a few hours it becomes thoroughly magnetized so you can take up a large darning needle. Mr. C. L. Stone, general passenger agent of the C. & E. I. Railway of Chicago, has issued a beautiful little pamphlet which tells all about this wonderful health resort, and gives the experience of many prominent people who have been cured there within the last year. It will be sent by mail free, upon request.—Chicago Tribune.

Cards.

The anniversary of the birthday of playing cards is to be celebrated in Vienna this year. An exhibition of the cards of various ages and nations should be interesting to every one, since the development of the "Devil's Pictures" has occupied many centuries. It is a fact that cards have been known for five hundred years, but their origin is lost in mystery. The present form, and the number in the pack, are both things of comparatively modern date. A recent publication on the history and lore of the subject states what is not generally known, namely, that at the time of the French revolution the court cards were banished. The kings were replaced by presentments of the geni of war, commerce, peace and art; the queens became the liberties of the press, professions, religions, and marriage. Appropriately enough, the knaves were represented by the "equals."

Put a Strong Stick in It.

The drug store proprietor has employed a new boy for \$3 a week. "I'll have a little stick in mine," said the man at the soda-water counter. "A little what?" asked the boy. "A little stick," repeated the man, with embarrassment. "In your soda water?" "Yes, of course." The boy prepared the mixture. The man took a swallow, gasped, gurgled, and coughed, and when he caught his breath said: "What in thunder did you put in that soda water?" "Well, sir, replied the boy, "I wouldn't have done it if you hadn't insisted; but as long as you wanted it I gave you the best brand of mulligatawny there is in the shop."—Washington Star.

A Broken Reed, Indeed.

This, and no mistake, is the individual whose stamina has wanted to such a low ebb, for want of an efficient tonic, that he would certainly topple over and fracture something if a bulky subject, such as a fat wife, for instance, were to lean upon him. Build up, ye lean, pitiable and strengthless, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will enable you to eat and digest heartily, and thus acquire flesh and vigor. The fortress of life will speedily capitulate to the grim scythe-wielder, death, if you don't. Nervousness, sleeplessness, biliousness, constipation, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble are all conquerable by this superb restorative of health and vigor. In connection with the use of the Bitters, it would be well for the debilitated invalid to study the wants of his enfeebled stomach with a view to the selection of the most digestible articles of diet.

Let Him Alone Severely.

A prince of the imperial house of Austria, who is also closely related to the royal family of England, who is good-looking (age not stated), has never been married, is well educated, owns property valued at 20,000,000 florins and is free from debt, has seen fit to advertise through a New York agent that he would like to marry an American heiress. He wants a girl who is a Catholic and has a dowry of \$5,000,000. No specifications as to youth, beauty, or temper. His motto is first come, first served, and he will allow only sixty days for applications. Our advice to five-million-dollar American girls is to let him alone.

The Doctor's Bill.

Put off the presentation of your bill for a year and the patient will conclude that your services were worth but little, and that you know it.

Save Yourself, Coughs! HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR PREVENT BRONCHITIS AND CONSUMPTION.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS (use in one Minute).

The only thing that walks back from the tomb with the mourners and refuses to be buried is character.

DYSPEPSIA. Impaired digestion, weak stomach, and constipation will be instantly relieved by Beecham's Pills. 25 cents a box.

KINDNESS is the golden chain by which society is bound together.

A Full Stock.

A New York chemist was boasting, in company of friends, of his well-assorted stock in trade. "There isn't a drug missing," he said, "not even one of the most uncommon sort." "Come, now!" said one of the bystanders, by way of a joke. "I bet that you don't keep any spirit of contradiction, well-stocked as you pretend to be." "Why not?" replied the chemist, not in the least embarrassed at the unexpected sally. "You shall see for yourself." So saying he left the group and returned in a few minutes leading by the hand—his wife.—The Comic.

The True Laxative Principle.

Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well-informed, you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

At the end of life we discover that we have passed nearly one half of it in being happy without realizing it, and the other half in imagining that we were miserable.

HALE'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sharp Town.

Razorville is the unique name of a town in Maine.

Scrofula.
Afflicted me four years—blisters all over my body, swelling in my neck, and in less than a year had lost 40 lbs. I was induced by H. L. Tubbs, our druggist, to try HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA, and the blisters and lump in my neck disappeared, and I soon began to gain in flesh. In four months there was none of the disease left in my system, and I was as well and strong as ever." G. W. DONER, Osceola, South Dakota.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. Only 25 cents.

RADWAY'S PILLS,
The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy.

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Catarrhes, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals, or Deleterious Drugs. Price, 25c. per box. Sold by all Druggists.

DYSPEPSIA.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They restore strength to the stomach and enable it to perform its functions. The symptoms of dyspepsia disappear, and with them the liability of the system to contract disease. Take the medicine according to the directions, and observe what we say in "Facts and Truths" respecting diet. Observe the following symptoms resulting from disease of the digestive organs: Constipation, indigestion, biliousness, headache, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, depression of spirits, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flashes of heat, burning in the flesh. A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders. Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 21 Warren Street, New York, for "Facts and Truths."

Pimples AND Blotches

ARE EVIDENCE That the blood is wrong, and that nature is endeavoring to throw off the impurities. Nothing is so beneficial in assisting nature as Swift's Specific (S. S. S.). It is a simple vegetable compound. Is harmless to the most delicate child, yet it forces the poison to the surface and eliminates it from the blood.

I contracted a severe case of blood poison that unfitted me for business for four years. A few bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured me. J. C. JONES, City Marshal, Fulton, Arkansas. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

A remedy which, if used by wives about to experience the painful ordeal attendant upon child-birth, proves an infallible specific for, and obviates the tortures of confinement, lessening the dangers thereof to both mother and child. Sold by all druggists. Beware of cheap imitations. Price, \$1.50 per bottle, charges prepaid. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS! GUESSE, who will get it! Send one dollar for elegant Steel Engraving of Cleveland or Harrison, also 10c. Each purchaser entitled to one guess as to the number of votes either will poll. Three hundred and five donations, one each of \$500, \$200, \$100; three hundred of \$50 each. Cleveland and Harrison each polled over 5,000 votes in 1891. SCHEDULED CAMPAIGN CO., Box 615, Schenectady, N. Y.

LYON & HEALY. 53 Monroe St., Chicago. Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Hand Instruments, Tools, and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Builders, Contractors, Carpenters, etc. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, by Lyon and a Selected List of Hand Tools.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE. The Family Wash Blue, for sale by Grocers.

"August Flower"

"I am ready to testify under oath that if it had not been for August Flower I should have died before this. Eight years ago I was taken sick, and suffered as no one but a dyspeptic can. I employed three of our best doctors and received no benefit. They told me that I had heart, kidney, and liver trouble. Everything I ate distressed me so that I had to throw it up. August Flower cured me. There is no medicine equal to it." LORENZO F. SLEEPER, Appleton, Maine.

REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE.

This great remedy is the best thing on the market for all maladies that arise from colds. These diseases are many, for when a cold attacks the system it produces a congestion in the blood vessels, and whatever organ is affected is weakened just as this congestion is widespread or small in extent. REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE relieves the system by stimulating the circulation, inclining the kidneys to action, and thus enabling the lungs to proceed in their work of removing the carbonic acid from the blood. When this is accomplished the cold is cured and the person is restored to health. The ordinary cough remedy seeks to stop the cough simply by drying up or paralyzing the muscles so that the sufferer is unable to cough, but they do not seek to remove the cause of the trouble. A cough thus checked is often driven upon the kidneys, and serious trouble is the result. REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE opens the pores, stimulates the secretions and drives the disease away. Get it of any dealer. SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER
The Best Waterproof Coat in the World!
The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new FISH BRAND SLICKER is a perfect fitting coat, and covers the entire outfit. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if the "Fish Brand" is not on it. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CHARM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moles, Pale Skin, and all Skin Diseases, and gives a beautiful and delicate complexion. It is the best cosmetic known for all skin diseases. It is a simple vegetable compound. Is harmless to the most delicate child, yet it forces the poison to the surface and eliminates it from the blood. Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 21 Warren Street, New York, for "Facts and Truths."

LEWIS' 98% LYE

Powdered and Perfumed.
The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 30 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleaning waste-pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc. FENNA, SALT Mfg. CO., Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

Nature's Summer Remedies.

The Lord created medicines out of the earth, and he that is wise will recognize them. Dr. O. P. Brown's BLOOD PURIFIER and LIVER INVIGORATOR is the best medicine known for all skin diseases, including pimples, freckles, moles, and all diseases caused by impure blood. It is a simple vegetable compound. Is harmless to the most delicate child, yet it forces the poison to the surface and eliminates it from the blood. Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 21 Warren Street, New York, for "Facts and Truths."

FOR EXCHANGE
For Eastern Property. Good Farming Lands, Houses and Lots, Orange Groves, etc., located in Southern California. For full particulars address RALPH ROGERS, 217 West First Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

\$40,000.00
Earned by the Bell Telephone Patent in 1891. Your invention may be valuable. You should protect it by patent. Address for full and intelligent advice, free of charge, W. W. DUDLEY, N. Y.

GARFIELD TEA
Overcomes results of bad eating habits. Cures Headaches, restores complexion, cures Constipation. Send for sample to 225 West 10th Street, New York City.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED
Mrs. Alice Maple, Oregon, now 118 lbs., a reduction of 125 lbs. For circulars address, with \$1.00, to W. W. DUDLEY, N. Y.

PATENTS! PENSIONS!
Send for Inventor's Guide, or How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Digest of Pension and Bounty Laws. PATRICK O'NEILL, H. W. O'Brien, D. C.

DOUGLAS' BICYCLES
Bicycle Leader. All kinds of bicycles, new and used. Send for circular. The POWELL & CLEMENT CO., 100 Main St., Cincinnati, O.

HEMORDIA FOR FILES.
THE ONLY SURE CURE. Price \$1.00 by mail. HEMORDIA CO., 116 Fulton St., New York. C. N. U. No. 36-92

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS
Please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

CATARRH
Felix's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, to E. T. HAZELTON, Warren, Pa.

ALL THE SAME, ALWAYS.

SPRAINS.
Mr. PLEASANT, TEXAS, June 20, 1893.
Suffered 8 months with strain of back; could not walk straight; used two bottles of
St. Jacobs Oil,
was cured. No pain in 18 months.
M. J. WALLACE.

BRUISES.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
302 Wylie Ave., Jan. 29, '97
One of my workmen fell from a ladder, he sprained and bruised his arm very badly. He used
St. Jacobs Oil
and was cured in four days.
FRANZ X. GOELZ.

SAINT JACOBS OIL
TRY IT

A PROMPT AND PERMANENT CURE.

J. Schoon is slowly improving.

Capt. John Waring was in port this week.

Frank H. Carr was in Kalamazoo this week.

Prof. G. J. Kollen left for the east, Wednesday.

Miss Anna Borgman is home from a visit to Chicago.

Prof. S. E. Higgins and family have moved to Ann Arbor.

John Luxen returned from Englewood, Ill., Saturday.

Theol. student Jerry Winter has returned from the west.

Miss Clara Wise is visiting a week with friends at Douglas.

Miss M. Oosting is on a visit to friends in Battle Creek.

County Clerk Harvey L. White was in the city, Wednesday.

Rev. G. J. Hekhuis of Roseland, Ill., was in the city, Thursday.

Mrs. J. W. Bosman took the train for Grand Rapids, Tuesday.

Mrs. P. H. McBride took the train for Grand Rapids, Thursday.

Mrs. E. F. Sutton was a passenger on the strmr. McVea, Tuesday.

Charles Bertsch returned from his visit to Denver, Col., Tuesday.

John Cook of Grand Haven Sundayed with relatives in this city.

Miss Dina Van den Berg has arrived home from her western trip.

Rev. and Mrs. D. Broek, of Grandville, were in the city Wednesday.

Miss Kitty Slooter visited her brother Edward at Grand Haven, this week.

Miss Reka Te Roller has returned from her visit to friends in Wisconsin.

Miss Mary Van Landegend has returned from her visit to Roseland, Ill.,

Mr. Mrs. John Pieters of Fennville, attended the Soulen-Boone nuptials.

J. Kotvis of Grand Rapids was the guest of his sister, Mrs. C. J. De Roo, Sunday.

Geo. Deming, wife and two children, are on a two weeks' visit to friends in Pennsylvania.

Miss Reta Te Roller of Seattle, Wash., is visiting with her grandmother, Mrs. D. Te Roller.

Dr. P. W. Holleman of Roseland, Ill., was a passenger on the strmr. McVea, Tuesday.

Mrs. Rev. J. Meulendyk of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. J. Pauels.

Miss Cornelia Van der Veen arrived home Saturday, from a six weeks' visit at Waupun, Wis.

Jacob Van der Veen of Grand Rapids and family were with their parents in this city, Sunday.

G. J. Te Vaarwerk, formerly of this city, now of Roseland, Ill., called on his friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Trompen of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Becker.

Fred Wade of the Saugatuck Commercial, was a welcome visitor at the News office, Saturday.

Irving Garvelink has gone to Fennville, where he will take charge of the public schools, Monday.

Otto Augustine of Seattle, Wash., passed through here this week, on his way to Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Snelling of Grand Rapids were in the city this week, visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Maggie Pfanstiehl returned from her six weeks' visit with friends to Wisconsin, Wednesday.

Dr. Green of Vermontville, Eaton county, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Browning, this week.

Hon. Geo. F. Richardson was in attendance at the judicial convention, held in this city, Wednesday.

A. M. Pacoud and wife of Rochester, N. Y., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Van Putten, Sr., last week.

The family of Geo. Birkhoff, Jr., after spending the summer in this city, returned to Chicago, Monday.

L. Lugers was in Allegan, Thursday, to attend the meeting of the Allegan and Ottawa Fire Insurance Co.

Misses Tilly and Jennie Baardwyk of South Holland, Ill., are visiting with the family of Rev. J. Van Houte.

Miss Mary Van Putten, who has been visiting with Miss Martha Nyland at Grand Haven, returned last week.

Miss Jennie Rooseboom of Grand Rapids, formerly of this city, is spending her vacation with friends here.

Mrs. C. Blom attended the funeral of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. Nyland, at Grand Haven, Monday.

J. H. Stouthamer of Milwaukee has joined his wife on her visit in this city.

Mrs. S. is the daughter of T. Keppel.

Miss Hannah Elferdink and Miss Jennie Woltman returned from a visit to friends at Grand Haven, Wednesday.

Harry S. Meyers, principal of the high school, has returned from his home at Paw Paw, ready for duty on Monday.

Miss Angla De Bey, who has been the guest of Miss Jennie Kanters, returned to her home in Chicago, Sunday evening.

Misses Jennie and Allie Pieters, who spent vacation with their brother at Fennville, are the guests of Miss Jennie Kanters.

Miss Louise Labarbe and Mr. Joseph Philpott, of Roseland, Ill., visited here this week. The former is a niece of Mrs. J. Van Landegend.

James Aling, formerly a resident of this city, is at present located at Stan-tish, Bay Co., where he is interested with others in a stove mill.

Hugh Bradshaw and family, after spending the season at their summer home near Harrington's Landing, re-turned to Chicago, Saturday.

W. Verbeek and family, after spend-ing the summer with their daughter, Mrs. Rev. H. Harmelink, at Sheboy-gan, Wis., returned Tuesday.

Misses Nellie and Lena Oostema ac-companied the family of Geo. Birkhoff Jr., on their return to Chicago, and will remain with them for the present.

Jacob Van Anrooy, formerly em-ployed at the C. & W. M. freight house at this station, but lately of Grand Rapids, will move back to Holland, having secured a position at the Walsh-De Ro flouring mills.

J. Kuite Jr. and wife left Monday on a pleasure trip to South Bend, Ind., where they were the guests of Mrs. W. A. Nolan, and from where Mr. K. wasto proceed to Chicago. They will return in a week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Kanters took the train for Grand Rapids, Wednesday, having been summoned to the bedside of Mrs. W. Schaddelee, a distant rela-tive, who is suffering from an attack of cancer, which it is feared will prove fatal.

The Misses Anna Dehn and Jennie A. Roost, although they have not com-pleted their course in the high school, passed successful examinations at the last session of the county board held at Zeeland, and obtained a third grade certificate.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Saugatuck.

Last week the harbor light was transferred from the pier head, where it has been located for the past eighteen years, to the tower surmounting the keeper's residence on the north side of the river. This residence was built in 1859, the foundation on which it stands having been built with the material of the old stone light house where Kalamazoo light was first estab-lished.

A U. S. marshal was in the village a portion of last week looking up wit-nesses against Will George, the Fenn-ville chap who passed counterfeit money here last spring. He was ar-rested in Ohio a few days ago, in com-pany with four others, charged with passing bogus money. When the offi-cers found George he was in bed with a broken leg, and evidence which has been obtained makes it appear that he was the leader of a gang who obtained their supplies of the "queer" from some point in Michigan. A U. S. de-tective is now searching in Western Michigan for the plates from which the bills were printed.

The dredge working at our harbor has enough work ahead of it yet to keep it busy until the close of naviga-tion.

The butternut trees along the river bottoms are not bearing this year. Last year the crop of butternuts was abundant.—*Commercial*.

Grand Haven.

Last week the water works suit be-tween the city and the Wiley Co. was heard, before Judge Judkiss. City attorney W. I. Lillie and Geo. A. Farr appeared for the city, and Judge A. Howell of Detroit and Geo. W. Mc Bride of this place, for the Wiley bondholders.

Died, Friday morning, Albert, the eight months old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Nyland.

Peter Wilds, who supposed his son was working at a little town down in Ohio, last week received a letter from him from China.

Capt. Smallman, who has been in charge of the steamer City of Mil-waukee ever since she was placed upon the Milwaukee run, has resigned his position. An accident has resulted in blood poisoning and this will nec-essitate the amputation of one of the captain's feet. Capt. Smallman is one of the most popular commanders on the lakes, and many will regret his misfortune.

Allagan County.

The Board of Supervisors met in special session Monday to re-divide the county into Representative dis-tricts. The old division of the twelve northern townships into one district and the twelve southern into another, was adopted as the most equitable.

The county democratic convention to nominate a county ticket will be held at Allegan, on Thursday, Septem-ber 6th. Senatorial convention will be held at Fennville, Sept. 15th.

Saugatuck Commercial: When the yellows first attacked the peach or-chard of this section, the invasion was entirely from the south and immedi-ately following the destruction of the orchards in the vicinity of St. Joseph. Heroic efforts were made to stop the spread of the disease north and for a number of years it appeared that these efforts were to be successful, the con-tagion spreading to no appreciable extent beyond the valley of Black River. And the same success might have ob-tained to this day if the fight had been kept up all along the line. But a few miles back from the lake familiarity seemed to breed contempt of the enemy and it spread rapidly northward, cut-ting a wide swath through the fine or-chards of Clyde and Manlius town-ships, so that it has fairly turned the flank of the lake shore peach belt and faces it from the east. More deter-mined effort than ever is now neces-sary. With all the growers working unitedly on lines known to be neces-

say to accomplish the result, the disease can yet be overcome. The office of yellow commission is a responsible one in these times.

Gazette: Allegan tent No. 63, K. O. T. M. has made arrangements for a union meeting Thursday, Sept. 23, of all the tents in the county and adjoining section to further the acquaintance of members of the order, secure a more general feeling of unity, and promote its mutual interest. At 1 o'clock the knights will form in procession at the hall and march to the fair-grounds, where Great Commander Linton will deliver and address.

An Indian with an unpronounceable name which means, in English, White Feather, gave a short talk at the Presbyterian Church Sunday evening. In well-chosen words he spoke briefly of the origin of his race, its early history, numbers, etc. He believes the American Indians to have been the ten lost tribes of Israel, and cited as one proof that the languages of many tribes were similar in characters and sounds to the ancient Hebrew. He also rendered several songs in the Indian language giving "From Greenland's icy mountains" in the Seneca dialect and another in the Algonquin.

Journal: Hiram Noble, of Hopkins will move to Holland next week, where his son Fred and Mark, have been employed for some time.

The following are the delegates to the Republican judicial convention to be held at Holland: Ogden Tomlinson, Chester A. Stuck, Richard Ferris, L. F. Otis, R. C. Eaton, David Stockdale, Archie Matthews, Samuel Martin, L. M. Dosey, D. L. Reynolds, D. C. Putnam, H. A. Sears, A. A. Abbott, Hein Brinkman, L. F. Smith, H. J. Klomprens.

Port Sheldon.

Monday, Aug. 29, the thermometer stood 92° in the shade, at 2:00 p. m., and within two days thereafter we had to put on some of our winter clothing.

Mr. and Mrs. Bourton of Chicago have been paying their brother-in-law, Mr. Cook, a visit. They came by way of Saugatuck, last Sunday, and returned Thursday, with the steamer McVea.

Our esteemed editor must have had some pressing business on his mind last week. In perusing my last items I noticed an error, which I trust the public will not attribute to your correspondent. It was Mr. Shriver instead of Mr. Goodin that had threshed one thousand bushels of grain.

The citizens of Olive are highly elated with the nomination of their townsmen, J. W. Norrington for representative, and H. Pelgrim for county treasurer. They will do their share towards electing them.

It seems that the farmers will have the pleasure of having their fall grain in early this season. There is a great deal of fall ploughing done already.

Around here we are all discussing our new undertaking, the improvement of the roads. As time goes on, those who poo-hoed at the idea are making inquiries of what the committee intends to do. While not promising money, they will contribute labor, when the time comes. Some would like another meeting about the middle of this month, for then the busy time will be over.

PSEUDONYM.

Jamestown.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Sage have just returned from a very pleasant visit to Mrs. A. E. Wilcox, a sister of Mr. Sage, and other old time friends in Sherwood and Three Rivers. They report plenty of dust and crops suffering from want of rain.

After a long and painful illness, Libbie, wife of Harvey Arnold and daughter of Wm. H. and Lydia Barclay, passed peacefully away from this life, at eleven o'clock a. m., on Thursday, Aug. 18, leaving her husband with a little daughter of about fifteen months old, her kind father and mother, four sisters, and one brother, to mourn her early death. She was born Aug. 20, 1872, married Aug. 30, 1890, and buried Aug. 20, 1892—all in her father's house, in Jamestown.

"Libbie has left us and gone from our sight
To dwell with the blest on the beautiful shore.
But we'll meet her again in the mansion of light,
For she is not lost, but just gone on before."

In Memoriam.

The following is a tribute of condolence addressed by Erutha Lodge No. 27, D. of R., at their meeting Friday afternoon, Aug. 26, 1892.

Whereas, Death, that silent and stern usher, has entered the home of our brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Higgins, and led therefrom their beloved son WILLIE, a youth of much promise, just entering on the confines of manhood:

Resolved, That in token of our sorrow, we the members of Erutha Lodge No. 27 do extend to our brother and sister our sincere sympathy in this their deep affliction, and recommend them in their sorrow to that higher power that "doeth all things well", remembering that death is an antitype of nature's marvels.

"The seed and dormant chrysalis
Bursting into energy and glory;
That calm safe anchorage
Where tired nature shall find rest
After buffetting the storms of life.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Holland City papers, and a copy be sent to the afflicted brother and sister.

DAVID CRONIN,
Com. on Resolutions.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 31, 1892.

It Should Be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has been more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial Bottles at Heber Walsh's Drug store. Large bottles, 50c. and \$1.00.

22-1y

Buel's cold-tanned shoes, the best in use.
J. D. HELDER.

To Rent.

The residence of A. M. Kanter, corner of Twelfth and Maple streets. Inquire of A. Visscher, Holland, Mich.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I, V. commissioner of the township of Olive, will on the sixteenth (16) day of September Lowman; in said township of Olive, at 10 proceed to receive bids for the cleaning known and designated as the Ovens and established in the said township of Olive at the same as when established by a former

Said job will be let by sections; the s be let first and the remaining sections in with the diagram now on file with the office of the township clerk, to which interested, and bids will be made and remade with the lowest responsible bidder performance of the work in a sum then and t self the right to reject any and all bids. contract, and the terms of payment ther and place of letting.

NOTICE IS FURTHER HEREBY GIVEN, or at such other time and place thereafter, aforesaid, may adjourn the same, the comprised within the Ovens and Sawyer trict will be subject to review.

The following is a description of the s tuting the special assessment district of 13, s $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 13, se $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 14, e 29 of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 14, se $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 14, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of 28 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 15, west s se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 15, sw $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 15, com west 100 rods, south 15 rods, east 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ ro 160 rods to place of beginning, commen south 160 rods, east 84 $\frac{1}{2}$ rods, north 145 west 30 rods to the place of beginning except 5 acres on south west corner, al of sec. 15, thence east 40 rods, north 2 place of beginning; n $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, s $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, w $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, s $\frac{1}{2}$ of se s $\frac{1}{2}$ of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of s sec. 23, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, s $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 23, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, n $\frac{1}{2}$ ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of s $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, s $\frac{1}{2}$ of s $\frac{1}{2}$ of s $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, s 3-4 of s sec. 22, se $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of s s $\frac{1}{2}$ of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of s sec. 22, ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, all of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ east se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, all of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ west of R. K. sec. 21, all of s $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ west of l 21, e $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 21, se $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, w $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, e of nw 16, ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, se $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, se $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, e $\frac{1}{2}$ of s 9, e $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 9 e $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 24 sec. 24, sw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 24, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of s $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 25, s $\frac{1}{2}$ of s $\frac{1}{2}$ of n of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 26, n $\frac{1}{2}$ of n $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ sec.

Dated this 29th day of August, A. D.

Township Drain Com

First Ward

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Holland, Mich., March 18, 1892.

8 lv

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[illegible]

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A sure and speedy remedy for Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Inflammation of the Bronchial Tubes, Consumption and all other affections of the Throat and Lungs.
It has been used by hundreds of persons, who testify to its efficacy. It is offered for its merits only, being assured that one test will furnish abundant proofs of its great medicinal value.
In all cases it is urged to sleep warm, dress warm and keep the feet warm. Complete directions with each bottle.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 13, 1890.
Mr. THEO. KEMINK—Dear Sir! I can not speak too highly of Kemink's Magic Cough Cure, for Cold and Lung troubles. Have used it in my family and can strongly recommend it.
W. H. JEBB.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 1st, 1890.
Mr. KEMINK—Your Magic Cough Cure was strongly recommended to me. I bought one bottle and my wife felt greatly relieved after the use of a few doses. I have used different remedies, but none had the desired effect except your Kemink's Magic Cough Cure.
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